

The Hongkong Telegraph.

(ESTABLISHED 1861.)
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WEATHER FORECAST
FAIR.
Barometer 29.90

October 1st, 1912, Temperature a.m. 76, p.m. 84; Humidity...54, 52.

October 1st, 1911, Temperature a.m. 82, p.m. 85; Humidity...73, 67.

No. 8908

癸丑年八月廿二

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1912.

三拜禮

號二月十英曆

888 WING APOLO
SINGAPORE COPY 10-00000

TELEGRAMS.

THE WAR CLOUD.

SERBIA PREPARING.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, October 1.
A message from Belgrade reports that war preparations are proceeding with feverish haste. The police have prohibited reports of military movements.

It is reported that the Serbian Minister has already left Constantinople.

GREECE MOBILISING.

Later.
Reuter's correspondent at Athens telegraphs that, in pursuance of the agreement with the Balkan States, the mobilisation of the Greek forces was ordered yesterday on the ground that Turkey may seek an issue from her domestic differences against her neighbours.

All vessels flying the Greek flag have been recalled from Turkish waters.

RIVAL DEMANDS.

A message from Reuter's correspondent at Constantinople states that the Porte is insisting upon a Serbian declaration of amity. The Serbian Minister presented an ultimatum demanding the passage of the detained war material or the return of the same to France within forty-eight hours.

Reuter's correspondent at Vienna wires that Count Berchtold, questioned with reference to the Balkans and the mobilisation, said there was a weighty decision to be taken between the ordering of mobilisation and the beginning of hostilities. The Powers were striving to maintain peace.

Count Berchtold's statement is regarded as reassuring.

TURKISH DENIALS.

Later.
A message from Reuter's correspondence at Constantinople states that the Foreign Minister declares that no ultimatum has been received from Bulgaria or from Serbia and Bulgaria jointly.

THE OUTLOOK GLOOMY.

The mobilisations in the Balkans were quite unexpected. The newspapers take a gloomy view of the situation and say that only the immediate intervention of the Powers, especially Austria and Russia, can secure Macedonian autonomy, while saving the face of Turkey.

A CRISIS REACHED.

The tension in the Near East continues to engross attention. The simultaneous and obviously preconcerted mobilisations in Bulgaria, Serbia and Greece are regarded as portentous indications that the brink of a crisis has been reached.

"MANY A SLIP."

Meanwhile, Count Berchtold's statement of yesterday is considered very aptly, and it is still hoped in diplomatic circles that there will be "many a slip twixt cup and lip."

THE OBJECT.

Reuter's correspondent at Rome says the agreement between the Balkan States aims at obliging Turkey to settle the Macedonian question definitely by granting an autonomous regime, with a responsible Governor, to Macedonia.

PEACE EFFORTS.

M. Sazonoff, the Russian Foreign Minister, has made categorical representations to Sofia and Belgrade in the direction of peace. He states that the Powers are in complete accord to prevent an outbreak.

Foreign representatives at Constantinople have likewise enjoined the Porte on the urgent necessity of making reforms.

MONTENEGRO FOLLOWS SUIT.

Later.
Montenegro has ordered the mobilisation of its troops.

TELEGRAMS.

THE WAR CLOUD.

TO THE FRONT.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, October 1.
Reuter's correspondent at Belgrade states that military trains were leaving for the frontier all last night. Business has been suspended, and employees are joining their regiments. Owners of motor cars have been ordered to immediately surrender their cars to the military.

GREEK ENTHUSIASM.

Reuter's correspondent at Athens states that the mobilisation of the Greek forces has been greeted with enthusiasm.

RUSSO-BRITISH ATTITUDE.

Later.
Reuter learns that M. Sazonoff's conversations with Sir Edward Grey at Balmoral not only showed that the Russian and British Governments were in agreement on the principal questions affecting the two countries, but the relations of the two Governments have been consolidated as regards the Balkans. Russia and Britain are acting, and will continue to act, in concert with the other Powers, who so far hold exactly the same views.

The Powers are most anxious not to make the work of the Porte more difficult by applying anything in the nature of pressure.

TURKEY TO MOBILISE.

A message from Constantinople dated the 1st inst. says that the Chief of the General Staff, who has just left the Council of Ministers, states that mobilisation has been decided upon.

THE CHINESE REPUBLIC.

A STRAITS MISSION.

(From Chinese Sources.)

Peking, October 1.

The Ministry of Labour and Commerce has despatched Lu Li-chung and Hung Yuet to the Straits Settlements and Borneo in connection with the formation of the Chinese Commercial Labour Union. "Shat Po."

UNLAWFUL SOCIETIES LOAN.

Shanghai, October 1.

President Yuan has directed the Governor General of the various provinces to prohibit the people from forming unlawful societies.

EXECUTIONS.

Six men have been executed in Peking for having brought several cases of bombs into the Capital from Hupoh.

RUSSIA'S OBSTRUCTION.

Chao Erh-shun, Governor General of the Three Eastern Provinces, has telegraphed to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs asking that representation should be made to the Russian Minister at Peking, as the Russian authorities have prohibited the Chinese authorities from despatching Chinese troops into Mongolia by the Southern Manchurian Railway. "Shat Po."

THE LATEST LOAN.

Shanghai, October 1.

The Cabinet has consented to the request of Vice President Li to raise a loan of \$5,000,000 from American merchants in order to defray military expenditure.

NEW GOVERNOR.

Luk Kin-cheng will probably be appointed Governor General of Shantung. "Shat Po."

Yik Po.

Yik Po.

TELEGRAMS.

AUSTRALIAN TEAM.

BEATEN IN AMERICA.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, October 1.
The cricket match between the visiting Australian team and the Philadelphia Philadelphians resulted in a win for the home side by two runs. The Philadelphians made 185 and 74, while the Australians scored 122 and 135. Totals: Philadelphians, 259; Australians, 257.

The feature of the match was the fine bowling of King for the winners.

OBITUARIES.

ARCHDEACON COLLEY.

London, October 1.
Archdeacon Colley, after attending a meeting of the Church Union at Middleborough, suddenly expired.

THE ORIGINAL "TOM BROWN."

The death is announced of the Rev. Augustus Orlebar, the original "Tom Brown" in "Tom Brown's Schooldays."

SIR HERBERT M. ELLIS.

The death has occurred of Sir Herbert Mackay Ellis, K.C.B., Hon. Physician to the King, who was Inspector General of Hospitals and Fleets in 1904, and Director General of Medical Department of the Navy from 1904 to 1908. He was one of the survivors of the Victoria disaster.

CHINESE FINANCE.

THE RUMOURED GERMAN LOAN.

London, October 1.

A telegram from Reuter's correspondent at Berlin states that the Chinese Legation and German official circles know nothing of the Hamburg loan.

NO SUCCESS.

Later.
Reuter's Berlin correspondent says it is now stated that Mr. Westendorp is only seeking to raise a million sterling, but all indications point to the non-success of the loan. Negotiations with the Banks have so far been fruitless; the most important thereof being a Bank allied with the Six Power Group and others not desiring to oppose the latter. Moreover, the negotiations are hampered by sharp official hostility.

THE LONDON LOAN.

It now transpires that the public has not subscribed more than two millions of the China Loan. The underwriters took the balance.

LAND REFORM.

CHANCELLOR MEANS BUSINESS.

London, October 1.

Mr. Hammarley, M.P., speaking at Leigh, said he had just returned from a merry week-end party, where the land question was discussed. He added that Mr. Lloyd George, who was among the party, meant business.

RUSSIAN BEST CROP.

London, October 1.

Reuter's St. Petersburg correspondent reports that the best crop is officially estimated at 804,345,530 pounds.

TELEGRAMS.

M. SAZONOFF.

CONTINENTAL VISITS.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, October 1.
The visit of M. Sazonoff, Russian Foreign Minister, to France, unlike his last visit, will be of a private nature. He will meet and discuss matters with President Fallieres and M. Poincare, but he will have no special mission to perform.

On his return, he stays for a few hours in Berlin, where he will see Herr Kiderlen-Waechter, but here too he will have no special mission.

SCULLING.

THE COMING RACE.

London, October 1.
Barry and Duran have signed articles to row for the world's sculling championship from Putney to Mortlake on the 14th inst., for a stake of £500 a side.

REVIEW.

HONGKONG MEDICAL CONGRESS.

A Brilliant Compilation, of Wide General Interest. Not the medical profession only, but all persons who take a rational interest in Tropical diseases and their cure, and in hygiene in its special local application, will welcome the appearance of the Report of the Medical Congress which was held in Hongkong early in the present year. Our readers will remember that this was the second biennial meeting of the Far Eastern Association of Tropical Medicine, the General Secretary of which—Dr. Francis Clark, the Medical Officer of Health—has edited the Report.

The volume contains no less than forty-four papers, all contributed by men who have a right speak authoritatively on their particular subjects, and the aggregate ground covered by these is enormous. Special interest for local people naturally attaches to the articles by Hongkong medical men, and it happens that one of these—Dr. G. M. Harston—in each of his two papers, has chosen a topic which, in any case, would have readily commanded the attention of the average hearer or reader. These are "The Care of the Eyesight in the Tropics" and "The Care of Children in the Tropics," both of them matters on which Dr. Harston is eminently qualified to speak.

The score of his two papers is exceedingly wide, no point of importance has been overlooked, and, while they are obviously the work of a clever scientist, they yet form engrossing reading for laymen, however limited their knowledge of physiology. The writer is to be congratulated on his skillful and extremely practical handling of two questions so closely affecting the people of this Colony.

Dr. Clark, in addition to contributing a brightly-written introduction, entitled "A Guide to Hongkong," puts in four Public Health pamphlets; viz: Vaccination, Mosquitoes and Malaria, Beriberi, and the Prevention of Baboon Plague in Hongkong. The local medical faculty is further represented by Dr. Milford Atkinson, whose presidential address is full of valuable statistics; and by Dr. Dalmschov Allan, whose paper on Blood Pressure is necessarily of too technical a character to be readily understood of the people, though of its value to his professional readers there can be no doubt. Other papers appealing more or less directly to medical men are written by Hongkong doctors, are those respectively by Dr. Oskar Muller on the Surgical Treatment of Dysentery, and Dr. Just on Malaria. Dr. Bell deserves special credit for the care and time he has devoted to his study of Intestinal Parasites and to the production of such excellent microbe photographs; as does also Dr. Koo, from whose work on Relapsing Fevers so much useful information is to be derived.

Value and general interest are added to this collection of treatises by the fact that the writers hail from every quarter of the Far East; thus the Hongkong reader has an opportunity of learning of the varying conditions that obtain in places near to hand, like Hanoi, Manila, Saigon and Shanghai, and in more distant spots such as Tokyo, Batavia, the Straits, Formosa, North China and Ceylon; while to doctors at Home who are interested in Tropical pathology, and are unable to pursue their studies out here, the book must needs be invaluable. Many of the subjects treated by specialists from a distance have none the less a definite bearing on life here in Hongkong; notably the chapter on "Man and Rat Plague," by Dr. de Vogel of Batavia, and that on Quarantine Regulations by Dr. Uthemann, the German Fleet-Surgeon at Taichang. The article by Dr. Gordon Thompson, too, dealing with surgical work in South China, calls for special mention by reason of its terseness and practicality, and the immense amount of useful information he contrives to convey in barely eight pages. Other chapters to which we would draw particular attention are "L'Intoxication par l'Opium," by Dr. Range of Hanoi, "Tuberculosis in Malacca" by Dr. Palma; and a really fascinating enquiry into the relative resistance of dark people and fair to the influences of a tropical climate, written by Major Chamberlain of the American army in the Philippines. Major Chamberlain knows what he is talking about, he talks convincingly and to the point, and the result is a paper which will appeal as fully to the general and non-scientific public as to his medical brethren.

It only remains to congratulate Dr. Clark on his compilation, which has so evidently been a labour of love, and to say that the discussions appended to many of the chapters greatly enhance their utility and interest. It should be added that the book is well and handsomely bound, and that the reproduction of the various plates and photographs reflects credit on the publishers.

"Transactions of the Second Biennial Congress held at Hongkong. Edited by Francis Clark M.D., M.R.C.P., D.P.H. Hongkong 1912. Messrs. and Co. 10-00000"

TELEGRAMS.

BRITISH REVENUE.

HALF YEAR'S FIGURES.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, October 1.
The Exchequer returns show that the revenue for the half year amounted to £275,544,825, an increase of £2,516,104.

THE JUDICIARY.

NEW JUDGE KNIGHTED.

London, October 1.
Mr. Sydney Rowlatt, who on August 9th last was appointed a Justice of the King's Bench Division in succession to Sir John Hamilton, has been knighted. [Mr. Sidney Arthur Taylor Rowlatt has been Junior Counsel to the Treasury since 1905. He was Recorder of Windsor in 1905-6.]

GOVERNMENT DETERMINED.

Sir Rufus Isaacs, speaking at Reading, said the performances at Ulster would not turn the Government a hair's breadth from their intention of carrying Home Rule. He predicted that the Bill would be read a third time before the end of the year.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

TELEGRAMS.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

LOCAL.

FOR stealing a quantity of gas piping a man was sent to gaol for one month, this morning.

Captain James Miller, of the s.s. General Wiley, has been appointed to the command of the s.s. Rabi.

At the Police Court, to-day, three men were prosecuted for allowing mosquitoes to breed on their premises. Two were fined \$5 each, and the other \$10.

Bishop Pozzoni is returning to Hongkong early in December. His Lordship has been attending an important missionary conference in Italy.

A lamp thief who was caught operating in Kowloon in broad daylight, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment and four hours' stocks this morning.

Two men who were found trespassing on the grounds of the Government Civil Hospital were fined \$5 each, at the Police Court this morning.

The Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock is to ask three interesting questions at to-morrow's meeting of the Legislative Council. These will be found elsewhere in this issue.

A meeting of the Legislative Council will be held to-morrow afternoon. The agenda is a lengthy one, and includes some interesting items.

A man who said he was employed at the Tung Wah Hospital, was admitted to the G. C. H., suffering from injuries alleged to have been inflicted by a scold also employed at the Tung Wah Hospital.

A woman who was charged, at the Police Court this morning, with being in possession of arms and ammunition. She pleaded guilty, but said she belonged to a man who said he would call back for them. She was fined \$50.

At the Legislative Council meeting to be held to-morrow the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., will move a motion relating to wireless in which the Council is asked to urge upon the British Government the desirability of making stations being erected in Hongkong at the same time as stations being erected in other parts of the Empire.

The Russian Foreign Minister is to make brief visits to France and Germany, but in neither case has he any special mission to discharge.

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Notices



**FINEST OLD DUTCH
GIN & LIQUEURS.**



FINEST OLD SCHIEDAM

**\$14.00 per Case of 12 Quarts
INCLUDING DUTY.**

**SAMPLE BOTTLES FREE
LIQUEUR GLASSES**

GRATIS

to regular buyers on application
to the

SOLE AGENTS FOR SOUTH CHINA.

MAC EWEN, FRICKEL & CO.,

4, DES VOUX ROAD

**THE
SCIENCE OF ADVERTISING.**

Advertising is both a science and an art. We have studied that science.

Do you know the ART?

Can you write a catchy ad.?—very few can.

A good ad. is one that catches the eyes, then holds the attention.

Can you do it? We can.

Let us write your ads. for you, insert them in any paper you fancy, but let us write them for you, we like it, that will be our recompense.

Choose your paper, put them in, watch results.

ADVICE:—Insert them in the paper with the largest circulation—that is the secret of judicious advertising.

All the papers have the largest circulation, if you doubt it, ask them; then tell us, what they tell you.

The other fellow is losing all the money. True; that is the reason he is able TO KEEP UP the advertising rate!

THEY KNOW that the other fellow is losing money hand over fist, if YOU doubt it, ask them, they will tell you candidly: "It is quite true."

The cheapest ad. is the dearest. Why? do you know your business and ask why?

Do you advertise because of friendship? No? To reach the people? Yes, yes, that is the reason and it can only be accomplished by advertising in the paper that has the largest circulation. But if they all have the largest circulation, I must advertise in all the papers? Quite so, if you think

Shipping

**BRITISH INDIA S. N.
CO., LTD.**

NEW FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN
Kobe, HONGKONG AND RANGOON.

EASTWARD.

The S.S. "FULTALA," 4,154 tons, Captain Tallent, will be despatched for YOKOHAMA and KOBE on the 14th October, at Noon, to be followed on the 20th October by S.S. "ITOLA," Captain Tucker, taking Cargo and Passengers at current rates.

WESTWARD.

The S.S. "OTARA," 5,241 tons, Capt. A. J. Evans, will leave HONGKONG for SINGAPORE, PENANG and RANGOON on the 4th October, at Noon, followed by S.S. "FULTALA," 4,154 tons, Captain H. W. Tallent, on the 8th October, at Noon, taking cargo at current rates.

The "Fultala" has excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and is fitted with all modern conveniences.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
AGENTS.

Telephone No. 215,
Hongkong, 30th September, 1912. [147]

Notices

**THE LEEDS FORGE CO.,
LTD., LEEDS.**

Specialists in the Manufacture of RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK
of every description.

Pioneers in the Design and Manufacture of
PRESSED STEEL UNDERFRAMES and BODIES and ALL
STEEL RAILWAY WAGONS.

The Undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents in
Hongkong and China.

**THE TAIKOO DICKYARD & ENGINEERING CO.,
OF HONGKONG, LTD.**

Agents,
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Hongkong, 23rd September, 1911. [42]

Hotels

HONGKONG HOTEL
A LA CARTE GRILL ROOM.
Now Open.

J. H. TARRANT,
Manager. [35]
Hongkong, 20th April, 1911.

GRAND HOTEL.

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, ACCOMMODATION, CLEAN-
LINESS, AND COLD DRINKS.

UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.
Tel. 197.
F. REICHMANN, Proprietor. [62]

ASTOR HOUSE

(LATE CONNAUGHT HOTEL)
QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

CENTRALLY situated, up-to-date Hotel, Recently renovated, and under
entirely New Management. Large and Comfortable Rooms, Excellent
Cuisine under the supervision of an Experienced FRENCH CHEF, and
separate Tables, Hot and Cold Baths, Electric Light throughout. Terms
moderate. First Class accommodation for Families and Tourists.
For particulars and rates apply to
Telephone, 170. Telegrams "Astor." PROPRIETORS. [34]

**OPEN AIR SKATING RINK
at
BELLE VIEW HOTEL**

Telephone No. 907.
Sessions: 10 a.m. to 12 Noon, 3 p.m. to 4 p.m. Admission 25 cents
5 p.m. to 8 p.m. 9 p.m. to 11 p.m. Admission 50 cents.
String Band will play at the above Hotel every Sunday, commencing from
4 p.m. to 10 p.m.
W. GALLAGHER, Manager. [38]

**KING EDWARD
HOTEL.**

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL.
Under European Management.

Electric Light and Lifts.

Latest Improvements.

Reasonable Rates.

Telephone 375.

**H. HAYNES,
Manager.**

Hongkong, 1st Aug., 1912. [65]

**THE TAIWAN
RAILWAY
HOTEL.**

TAIPEH, FORMOSA.

Under the Direct Management of the
Taiwan Railway Dept.

EXCELLENT CUISINE AND
GOOD SERVICE. RATES
6 YEN AND UP.

Unfurnished hotel, porter, meets all
trains and steamers. Luggage is
ranged for without any trouble to
guests.

Hongkong, 1st Feb., 1912. [152]

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT
COMPANY, LIMITED**

PORTLAND CEMENT.

It Cakes of 875 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 10th August, 1911. [66]

THE FAMINE IN CHINA.

EIGHT Famines Districts with an
area of 30,000 square miles.

TWO and a half million people
facing starvation.

PLEASE SEND YOUR CONTRI-
BUTION TO-DAY.

IT WILL HELP TO SAVE LIFE.

Travellers, H. C. GULLAND, Esq.,
Manager, International Banking Cor-
poration, Shanghai.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1912. [11]

Notice



**THE PIONEER MODERN HIGH
POWER GERMICIDE**

Mixes equally well in salt, brackish and fresh
water instantly stops infection from
whatever cause arising.

**IDEAL FOR DOMESTIC USE
ONE GALLON MAKES**

**400 GALLONS
EFFICIENT DISINFECTING FLUID**

**AGENTS: W. R. LOXLEY & CO.,
YORK BUILDINGS.**

GUINNESS' STOUT,

THE WELL-KNOWN

**"HORSEHEAD"
BRAND.**

Sole Agents,

**CALDBECK
MAGGREGOR & CO.**

HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, TIENTSIN

and KUALA LUMPUR.

Hongkong, 25th January, 1912. [46]

DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT

The LAST WORD in Motor Cars "THE OVER-
LAND," America's Best, a THOROUGHLY HIGH
CLASS, well finished car, at a moderate price.

Sole Agent,

DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT.

Entertainment

VICTORIA THEATRE.

RE-OPENING NIGHT

OF THE

FAMOUS ARTISTS

AND

UNPARALLELED DANCERS

VERNE and SMITH.

Magnificent New Pictures

Just Arrived.

Hongkong, 30th Sept., 1912. [52]

**WM. POWELL,
LIMITED.**

TELEPHONE 346.

**NEW
CRETONNES,
ART LINENS,
CASEMENT
CLOTHS,
BOLTON
SHEETINGS,**

AND

MANY NOVELTIES

IN

SOFT

FURNISHING

FABRICS.

SEND FOR PATTERNS.

William Powell

Limited.

Notices

SAVE

YOUR EYES.

If your sight is falling, or your
eyes trouble you come in and have
them examined.
It costs you nothing.

**WE ARE
PRACTICAL
OPTICIANS.**

And can grind any lenses, or
make a screw to a pair of Specta-
cles on the premises. Don't
throw your frames away; have
them repaired by

**N. LAZARUS,
OPTICIAN.**

11, Des Voux Road, Hongkong.

**PEAK TRAMWAY CO.
LIMITED.**

TIME TABLE.

Week Days

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 min.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. " 10 min.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " 15 min.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. " 15 min.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. " 10 min.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. " 15 min.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. " 10 min.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. " 15 min.
3.00 p.m. to 3.15 p.m. " 10 min.

NIGHT CARS.

8.45 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.45 p.m. to
11.30 p.m. every 15 minutes.

SUNDAYS.

7.30 a.m.
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. every 15 min.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " 10 min.
11.45 a.m. to 12.00 noon " 15 min.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. " 10 min.
1.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. " 15 min.
3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. " 10 min.
3.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. " 15 min.
7.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. " 10 min.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Cars at 11.45 p.m.

SPECIAL CARS.
Arrangement at the Company's
Office, Alexandra Building.

Des Voux Road.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 2nd Sept., 1911.

OUR CONTEMPORARIES.

China Man

Eugenics.

Darwin's theory of evolution, the survival of the fittest and the influence of environment in the development of organic life, has provoked much controversy, and has, says the "Literary Digest," sometimes been allowed to remain in the dim domain of speculation like the atomic theory of Epicurus or the Platonic system of ideas. It has at last been recognized as something practical in the social life of the human race. The most sober-minded of physiologists, economists, and philanthropists have acknowledged that the improvement of the race, the promotion of its happiness, and the prevention of many moral errors depend very largely upon a recognition of such laws as that of heredity. The parents of the coming generation are to be looked to, for the furthering of the race's happiness in the future. It is upon this basis that a new science, Eugenics, has been inaugurated and has claimed the attention of the world.

Daily Press.

Agriculture in China.

The more patent possibilities underlying the development of mining or of railways have led to the overlooking of the room there is for improvement in Chinese agriculture and of the great capabilities it presents. To name only a few products, there is no reason why the exports of sugar, tobacco, wheat, and cotton should not be doubled in value with the use of improved stocks and improved cultivation, and this, too, with what would be, comparatively, a negligible expense, if only the farmer could be got out of his rut. Afforestation, too, would open up a new source of wealth to China, and in the New Territory and at Tsingtao she has examples of what can be done, but it is to be feared she has not the police who might save the young trees growing on waste hillsides from being cut down for firewood. The Board of Agriculture and Forestry may find considerable difficulty in living up to the latter portion of its title, but there is no reason why it should not do service to its land by attempting to justify the former.

South China Morning Post.

China and the Salvation Army. We yield to no one in our profound admiration of all that has been achieved by the followers of the "army" in many parts of the globe, but we fail to see the wisdom of any early visitation to a land which is seared with internal dissent, is far behind many countries in the people's conception of citizenship and its responsibilities, and which has not been able to subdue the attacks of pirates or the fires of mutiny. China is not ready to welcome any such evangelising influences as the Salvation Army would, probably bring, and it would be little short of criminal if the authorities permitted the immediate promotion of any such propaganda. It has been clearly confessed on many occasions that individual efforts on the part of missionaries have involved the British and other representatives in perplexing problems, and caused no little anxiety, but when we realise the wide ramifications of the "army" and its soldiers we have some faint idea of the possibilities and probabilities of conflict with the inherent superstitions of the unenlightened peasant in some distant city or hamlet.

England's Safe Railways.

According to the report issued by the Board of Trade on railway accidents in 1911 one passenger was killed on the average in every 94,700,000 journeys and one injured in every 2,830,000, as compared with one in 70,000,000 killed and one in 2,100,000 injured in the ten years ending with 1910. These figures further take on account of the journeys of season-ticket holders, the number of whom, it is stated, has greatly increased in recent years, so that the risk is really less than the figures indicate. Last year 1,070 persons were killed and 8,346 were injured, an increase of eight killed and three injured on 1910. Of those who were killed 300 were railway servants and 402 were trespassers (including persons who committed suicide).

GENERAL NEWS.

Insanitary Iloilo.

The health conditions of Iloilo, as developed by the activity of Dr. Fox of the bureau of health, are so bad that the Free Lance, a newspaper of that city, likens them to those of Canton.

Republican Split in Sacramento. San Francisco, September 25.—The Republican state convention at Sacramento has ended in a split and bolt, with rival Taft and Roosevelt electoral tickets. The Progressives had a big majority and put through their programme in spite of every protest. The Taft delegates withdrew from the hall and calling a second convention proceeded to name electors pledged to Taft.

The Robbery at the Bank of Japan. We learn that Wada Toyoyiro, who was arrested in Tokyo recently on suspicion of being the man who stole ¥30,000 from the Bank of Japan ten years ago in rather extraordinary circumstances, has confessed his crime, and made no attempt at concealment. He cannot now be punished for the robbery, owing to the law of prescription, and so he has been subjected to detention for ten days on a charge of vagrancy!

Unpleasant Experience of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. While proceeding to Sir William van Horne's island home at St. Andrew's, from the Earl Grey, on August 23, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and their party had an uncomfortable experience. Their motor boat was disabled, and drifted in the bay for a couple of hours before their plight was discovered. A fishing steamer was then at once dispatched to their relief, and they reached their destination much overdue, but none the worse for the experience.

Manila Strike Continues. Whatever hope there might have been for an early settlement of the Manila cigarmakers strike was shattered on September 27 when a new union composed of those who disapprove of the agreement entered into between the government and the executive committee of the old organization, was organized. One of the first moves made by the fusion wing was to appoint a committee of 10 cigarmakers to solicit sinews of war in preparation for a long siege. These members, says the "Cable News American," are now canvassing the city receiving contributions of money clothing and food which will go into a general fund for the relief of any member of the new organization who is not able to stand the strain of a long fight.

The Origin of the Colour Bar. The colour bar seems to have dated only from the time of slavery in the West Indies, and yet says the "Globe," the Romans, the Portuguese, and the Dutch, who were the great slave-owners in history, do not seem to have felt it. Shakespeare saw nothing repulsive in the marriage of Desdemona with a man of colour, or he would not have dared to invest Othello with a mantle of heroism; Iago's disparagement of Othello would have been far more pointed and bitter in its personalities if colour prejudice could have appealed to the audience. Early in the sixteenth century Sieur Paulmier de Genville of Normandy gave his heiress in marriage to Escamerio, a pure-blooded Brazilian, and no one thought that she was hardly treated.

An Australian Alma Mater. The University of Melbourne, which recently celebrated the 58th anniversary of its foundation, had its origin in very small beginnings says the "Globe." Only 16 candidates presented themselves for the first matriculation, and there was at the time only an Arts School. In 1859, four years after its foundation, Melbourne University degrees were recognised as ranking equally with those conferred by any University in the United Kingdom although at the end of the next year the total number of students was only 36. Schools of Civil Engineering and of Law were added in 1860 and of Medicine two years later. At present about 300 matriculated students are enrolled as undergraduates, while over 1,200 more persons attend the lectures at the University, which has become one of the most important seats of learning in the Colonies.

A NEW VERSION.

Story of the Fall in Pidgin English.

First time have got two pieces, one piece belong he one piece belong she. Two pieces stop garden inside. Topside joss man talkoe two pieces. "This side plenty thing can chow. Have got one piece no can chow chow, suppose make chow chow chop chop pay you make die." Two pieces vally happy. No have got pidgin, whole time can make play play; any time have got chow chow. By by no like, by by want chow chow all same fruit topside jossman have talkoe no can chow chow. By by one piece snake, he belong vally vally big, he vally bad all same dabblo; he come talkoe: "How fashion you no make chow chow? Topside jossman he talkoe no can, topside jossman he no say nothing. You make chow chow by by can see." She one piece chow chow; she pay she husband; he all same chow chow. By by topside jossman he have look see he say, he number one angly. He call he number one boy, take he chop chop go bottom side. Number one boy he catches one piece big stick he go bottom side he talkoe: "Master just now number angly; he talkoe you no can stop this side; chop chop must go other side." Two pieces belong vally vally. "National Review."

Large Crop of Chinese Narcissus. In connection with the generally splendid crops in the immediate vicinity of Amoy this year, the production of narcissus bulbs has greatly increased, so that bulbs which in former years sold for about \$8.25 (gold) to \$9.40 per 1,000 bulbs in Amoy, this year are selling for \$6 to \$7 per 1,000 bulbs. The district of Chang Chow, about thirty miles from Amoy, grows practically all of these bulbs, and it is said to be the only section of China which produces bulbs of such excellence.

DISEASE IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Some Appalling Dysentery Figures.

Two hundred people dying of dysentery since July 1 in the little town of Bato alone, and numerous deaths reported from other Philippine municipalities, is the grim report received from the island of Catanduanes, Albay province, according to the "Manila Times." The report says further that dysentery in epidemic form has broken out in the different municipalities throughout the island, particularly in the towns of Naga, Baras and Virac. The report further states that the people are practically without medicine and medical assistance, there being but one physician on the whole island, Dr. Francisco Imperial, who lives in Virac, and that it is impossible for him to visit the numerous cases reported each day, much less visit other municipalities.

The report further states that the district health officer of the province is on leave of absence and that there is on one to take charge of affairs.

Mountain province also reports its quota of dysentery and disease. Due to want of proper and sufficient nourishment coupled with lack of medical attention, no less than 226 persons died at Natonin, Mountain province, from January 1 to August 21, this year. Of this appalling number of deaths 67 resulted from fevers and 34 succumbed to dysentery.

Considerable suffering was brought about by the shortage of the rice crop, and it is also stated it is gradually becoming more difficult to secure rice because of lack of transportation facilities.

Dr. Sun's "Murder."

Many of the United States papers of August 20 carry reports of the assassination of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the Chinese revolutionary leader and first provisional president. The killing is attributed to Yuan Shih Kai and is recorded as part of a plot of which the summary execution of two generals of the revolution was the beginning. The reports emanated from San Francisco's Chinatown where the story was bulletined.

THE DEVIL DANCE.

A Weird and Impressive Street Exhibition.

If the explanation given to us of a weird exhibition in the street, be correct, the Chinese have a form of devil dancing. At any rate we were told, when we saw a man careering madly about in the centre of a crowd recently, that he was possessed of a devil and certainly judging from his antics, we are disposed to agree. The scene was at a street corner in Taipingshan Road. A street lamp provided the necessary light and the performer had, as stage "props," a bamboo pole, a tressle stool, and an unlimited supply of "cha." A large concourse of Chinesees stood round, leaving ample space for the gyrations of the central figure in the display. When we first saw him, he was seated on the stool, and the people had gathered in close around him.

Suddenly, as the spirit moved him, he leapt to his feet, the crowd backed away with startling alacrity, and the man commenced to bound about and flourish his fists, all the while giving vent to most alarming grunts. In a few seconds he appeared exhausted, and covered with perspiration he staggered, and would have fallen but for the timely aid of some of the onlookers, who assisted him back to his stool.

A rest for breath, and a draught of tea refreshed him, and, seizing a long bamboo, he again took the arena, which was all the bigger on account of apparent fear of the onlookers of a blow from the pole. As he doped to and fro brandishing the pole, he appeared to go through a series of bayonet exercises, and it only required a little imagination to conceive that he was fighting the phantasies of a disordered mind. His glistening body, the tense expression on his face, and the awe with which he was regarded by the spectators made a deep impression on a European standing by. This round, if so it might be termed, was fast and furious, and if the grunts he delivered were anything to go by he was wrooking fearful spiritual execution.

Another rest and another drink of tea brought him to his feet again, this time with the stool, which he whirled round his body in a wondrous fashion. To what heights he would have gone is hard to say, but rain came on and he was led away by some seeming friends.

It appears that earlier in the evening the man had gone to sleep on a mat. Joss sticks had been burnt round him, and a sort of incantation chanted. He had slept deeply for two hours and had awakened in this frenzy. One was told that later, when utterly exhausted, he would sink into sleep again, and lose all remembrance of his temporary madness.

The Chinese explanation seems to point to hypnotism of some form, though what part the joss sticks and the incantation play is not quite clear.

PACIFIC MAIL'S PROJECT KILLED.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company will not build the four \$3,000,000 steamships for the New York-Asiatic service it contemplated establishing with the opening of the Panama Canal says a message from New York. Under the bill just adopted by Congress, the ships could not be operated if built, according to Mr. R. P. Schwerin, vice-president and general manager of the Pacific Mail, and American shippers will not get some \$12,000,000 worth of contracts for which bids had been tendered.

A line of big passenger steamships from New York to the Orient via the Panama Canal, American built and American owned, is thus thrown into the remote future. As the bill left the committee and as it was printed after five months of hearing, Mr. Schwerin says, it permitted new ships to be operated, and the intention was to build four steamships, the biggest ever turned out in American yards.

Mr. Schwerin said: "It is no use to build the ships, and we have abandoned the project. It was not easy to raise the \$12,000,000 we had got for other ships and it was not easy."

Prepaid Advertisements.

ONE CENT PER WORD for each insertion.

TO LET.

TO LET. Houses in Austin Avenue, Kowloon. Immediate possession. Apply A. Raymond, of S. J. David & Co. Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [718]

OFFICES TO LET.—First Class, central accommodation, light and airy, on First, Second and Third Floor, in new building being erected for Messrs. WHITEWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD. Entrance from Des Voeux Road. Electric Lift to all floors. Electric Light throughout.

The plan can be seen and all particulars obtained at the Office of Messrs. PALMER & TURNER, Alexandra Buildings, 3rd Floor. Hongkong, 30th Sept., 1912. [708]

MODREENAGH, 31 The Peak. for six months from 1st November. Apply Property Office, Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. "Hongkong, 3rd Sept.", 1912. [639]

TO LET LARGE substantially built, Godown situated on water front, East Point. For further particulars apply Property Office, Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Hongkong, 13th Aug., 1912. [588]

TO LET on 2nd Floor No. 2, Pedder Street. One roomed Office. Apply Property Office, Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Hongkong, 22nd May, 1912. [581]

THE REAL COMMANDERS.

Children Capture Hearts on Trans-Pacific Voyage.

Linked hand in hand as they romped and played about the decks the children of many nations might well have been said to have commanded the liner Nile during her last voyage across the Pacific, says an American contemporary. Of course, Captain Lapraik was the skipper, but the kids were in charge of the passengers' hearts, and anything they wanted was theirs.

Commander Lapraik, having some fine youngsters himself, was not at all put out by the assumption of authority on the part of the tots; in fact, the genial skipper made as great a hit with the young ones as he did with their elders.

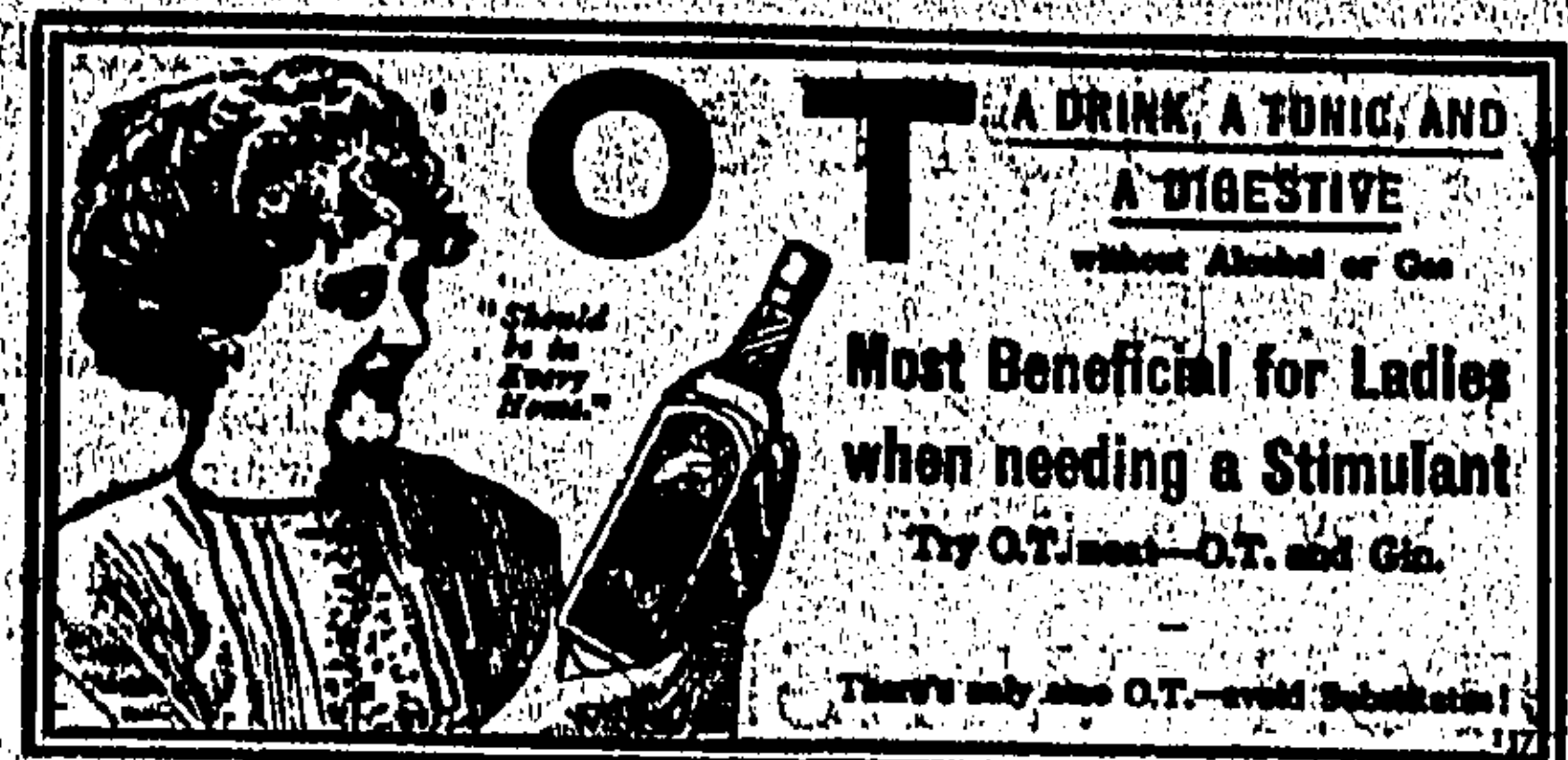
While various kinds of social entertainments and deck sports have been the interesting features of other trans-Pacific voyages, it was the children who occupied the limelight on the Nile.

There were a couple of dozen of them, and they represented nearly every nation under the sun. Among the Nile's passengers were a number of missionaries, some of whose offspring had been born in their different fields of religious labour in far-away countries, including India, Siam, Java, Corea, China and Manchuria.

The recipients of the most attention were Billy and Herbert Graham, who assist their father and mother in performing thrilling acrobatic stunts, and Kakao Yamada, the son of a Japanese artist, who teaches Japanese art in the Minneapolis School of Fine Arts. Little Kakao was born in the land of the cherry blossom and still wears his native costume; but his father says he is going to make an American out of him.

Two other interesting youngsters on the Nile were Charlotte and Elmer Wilder, the children of Consul-General Wilder of Shanghai. They made the long trip across the Pacific unaccompanied in charge of Mrs. Hubbard, the stewardess, who had her hands full looking after her large family of kickups. The Wilder children will be sent to school and will be shortly joined by their father, who has been to Washington on diplomatic business.

Dr. Brewer, Doctor Isaac W. Brewer, well known for his interest in the Tuberculosis Campaign in the Philippines, has just been appointed superintendent of the Tupperman (Quincy) Tuberculosis Hospital at Taichang, Peking.



HOW TO DRINK O.T.

Add a small quantity of O.T. with crushed ice if desired, to any aerated beverage to improve the flavour and form a blend that is most grateful and more powerful in allaying thirst. A small quantity of O.T. improves the flavour of whisky or gin in a remarkable manner and lessens the intoxicating effects.

A MORNING PICK-ME-UP.

O.T. is invaluable as a morning "Pick-me-up." O.T. and Hirano will be found a satisfactory 'Square-up.' It is wise to always keep a bottle in the home.

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FOR HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA.

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Modern Appliances for quick construction and repair of Ships,

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Hydraulic and Pneumatic Tools, installed throughout the

Works.

GRAVING DOCK

75 ft. by 8 ft. by

34 ft. deep.

Pumps empty Dock in

2 1/2 hours.

THE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels

up to 3,000 tons displacement, providing conditions

for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-TON ELECTRIC CRANE OF 100-TON ELECTRIC OVERHEAD

CRANES, Transshipment Tugs, Steam Engines up to 100 H.P.

40-TON HYDRAULIC TESTING MACHINES, Wire Ropes, Blows, Etc.

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THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG, LIMITED. TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

GRAVING DOCK 75 ft. by 8 ft. by 34 ft. deep. Pumps empty Dock in 2 1/2 hours.

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Cable Address: Telegraph, Hongkong.

Telephone: No. 1. A.B.C., 5th edition. Western Union

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1912.

BRAKES ON TRUCKS.

The Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.O. will ask several important questions at to-morrow's meeting of the Legislative Council; and with the third of these—that affecting brakes on trolleys—the "Telegraph" is particularly concerned. The terms of the question are:—"What steps, if any, are taken by any and what Government Department, and how often, for testing the efficiency of the brakes on trucks, trolleys and handcars?" That is exactly what the "Telegraph" has, for weeks, been trying to find out. Some two months ago the matter was first raised—somewhat casually, it is true and in conjunction with some other grievances—in these columns. But the importance of it was immediately realised and we returned to it vigorously on quite a number of occasions. Public interest is often hard to arouse, and it is necessary to hammer at a subject again and again, even to the risk of boredom, if action is to be taken. Now that the matter has been taken to the Legislative Council chamber we are so far satisfied. It remains to be seen whether a reply will be given which shall prove that the authorities are alive to the need for active steps being taken, or whether a reply meaning little will be offered, as has proved the case before now. In the latter event, we promise to keep drawing attention to the matter until something is done.

The recent accident at the foot of Ice House Lane, when several men narrowly escaped serious injury, was sufficient in itself to prove (if proof be necessary) the need for vigilance on the part of the authorities. In such a city as Hongkong where horses are few, and even bullocks are but little used, heavy hand-carts must be employed. In the hands of heedless coolies, these trolleys, even where they have brakes, are a source of danger to the public. In a city of steep streets, without brakes they become a constant and serious menace to the safety of life and limb—hence the brakes. Accidents will happen anywhere, of course, but we doubt whether in any civilised town of importance, in any country in the world, foot passengers who cross the roads run the same serious risk of being injured by trucks as they do here in Hongkong. Because the trolleys are heavy and the coolies not too careful, there is need for extreme vigilance as regards the efficiency of the brakes. The regulations are clear enough on the point that it is illegal to have a truck without a brake sufficiently powerful to control it. They run:—"Every truck, trolley or hand cart shall have a properly constructed brake or skid attached thereto for relieving the load when coming down hill." No exception can be taken to these regulations except that they are not enforced. The truck which caused the accident at the foot of Ice House Lane was without a brake. The matter has, by now, gone altogether too far. It is full time that the danger were removed once and for all. We congratulate Mr. Pollock on having taken up the question and we hope that he will vigorously pursue it. It remains to be seen whether the Legislative Council will insist that it frames regulations in order that they shall be put in force and will see to it that they are put in force. The point is, as we have urged more than once, that it is not sufficient that trucks, trolleys, and hand carts should have brakes which are efficient, but that they should be used.

DAY BY DAY.

Good habits are monitors and servants that regulate sleep, work and thought.

A Consular Visit.

The British Consul for Swatow arrived by the s.s. Pitsanulok to-day.

Child Abandoned.

A made child was found abandoned in a street in Kowloon yesterday.

Arrived from Home.

Commander J. Ohase arrived from Southampton by the s.s. Derfflinger to-day.

Football.

Entries for the Hongkong association Football League close on October 10.

Dirty Weather.

The s.s. Montrose, which arrived last night from Singapore, reported having experienced dirty weather south of Paracels Reef.

Blind Wanderer.

A blind boy aged two years, was found by the Police wandering in Austin Road, Kowloon, yesterday.

Birdy on Foreshore.

The body of a man aged about 60 years has been removed to the mortuary; it was found on the foreshore at Kennedy Town.

Toll of the Drug.

At the Police Court, this morning, a man was fined \$50 for being in unlawful possession of opium.

Sanitary Notice.

A notice to the owners of domestic buildings is published by the Sanitary Board and will be found in to-day's issue.

Hongkong Technical Institute.

The evening classes in connection with the Hongkong Technical Institute will reopen on Monday.

Sale of Gas Engines.

Three gas engines are to be sold at Macao on Sunday. Intending purchasers travelling by the excursion steamer will be in time for the sale.

Hongkong Hotel.

By kind permission of Captain Green the orchestra of the s.s. Ohayo Maru will play during dinner at the Hongkong Hotel on Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Canton Insurance Office.

The thirty first ordinary meeting of shareholders in the Canton Insurance Company, Ltd., will be held on Wednesday, 23rd October, at noon.

Mails Arrived.

The following mails arrived to-day:—s.s. Kwongtai from Shanghai; s.s. Sexta from Bangkok; s.s. Montrose from Shanghai; s.s. Derfflinger from Europe and Singapore.

Trespassers.

Two men (who were charged before Mr. E. A. Irving, at the Police Court, this morning, with trespassing on the grounds of the Government Civil Hospital, were each fined \$5 or in default fourteen days.

Unlicensed Hawkers Severely Punished.

Two men were fined \$15 each by Mr. E. A. Irving, at the Police Court, this morning, for hawking fresh fish at Wanchai Market, without licences.

Boy Thief.

A boy found guilty by Mr. E. A. Irving, at the Police Court, this morning, of stealing clothes from his master at Sham-shui-po, was sentenced to twelve strokes of the birch and forty-eight hours detention.

Out of Hospital.

Detective-Sergeant Grant is out of hospital. He lately underwent a serious operation, from which he says that he has entirely recovered.

Hongkong Cricket Club.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Hongkong Cricket Club is to be held on Wednesday next, in order to make certain alterations in the rules of the Club and subscriptions payable by members.

Theft of Gas Piping.

Before Mr. E. A. Irving, at the Police Court, this morning, a man was charged by Inspector Dymond with stealing a quantity of gas piping. Defendant said a man engaged him to carry the pipes for which he was to be paid four cents. He was sent to goal for one month.

Death of Mrs. Matsuda.

Local friends of Mr. K. Matsuda, until recently Manager of the Hongkong Office of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, will regret to hear of the death of his wife which took place on Saturday, 28th September, at his residence, Katsue, near Kamakura, Japan.

BRAKES ON TROLLEYS.

Question to Be Put to the Legislative Council.

The Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.O., will ask the following question at to-morrow's meeting of the Legislative Council:—

"What steps, if any, are taken by any and what Government Department, and how often, for testing the efficiency of the brakes on trucks, trolleys and handcars?"

The "Telegraph's" Lead.

This is a matter to which the "Telegraph" has directed attention for weeks past. It will be remembered that in our issue of Friday, September 13, the following questions and comments appeared:—

1.—"Are the brakes on trucks, trolleys or handcars ever used?"

2.—"If they are not used, why are they not used?"

3.—"Is it not a very dangerous practice for coolies to ignore the existence of brakes when piloting trucks downhill?"

"Trucks, according to Police regulations, are illegal unless provided with brakes of the requisite pattern. The regulations say:—Every truck, trolley or hand cart shall have a properly constructed brake or skid attached thereto for relieving the load when coming down a hill. Good! Of this we approve—though the regulations avail nothing. We would direct the attention of the authorities to this matter, which is serious; they will realize the fact when some one has been killed by one of these, at times, heavily laden, runaway trucks. For some days past we have observed these trucks carefully and our first surprise, was at the number of them that are in use on our streets; the next was that more accidents are not on record, when one bears in mind the abuse in handling this clumsy vehicle, and again, that the regulations should call for a brake and for no means of enforcing the use thereof.

"Are these brakes ever used?"

We think not, or seldom if ever. We have watched heavily laden trucks tearing down our hilly streets without the brake being brought into use, not even touching the wheel, the revolutions of which it is supposed to control. And thus are our best laid plans and regulations rendered ineffective.

Point was given to these questions by the fact that, on the following day, a van, without brakes, ran away on Ice House Lane and a serious accident was averted purely by good luck.

STORY BELIEVED.

Woman Found in Possession of Arms Fined \$50.

From information European constable Evans received yesterday morning, he proceeded, along with Sergeant Pincott, in a police launch in search of a woman who was alleged to be in possession of a quantity of arms and ammunition. The goods were stated to be put on board a sampan at Yaumati. The sampan was under the observation of P. O. Evans when it left the pier at Yaumati, and made past the coal sheds across the Harbour to the s.s. Orterio. The officer then made for the sampan and commenced a search. Underneath the mast in the cabin, 7,000 rounds of ammunition and four automatic revolvers were found. In reply to a query made by the Officer, the woman said they were put on board by a man whom she could not recognise. She did not know when he would come for them. He had told her he would call for them but he did not say when. She did not know they were arms and ammunition.

At the Police Court, this morning, the woman was charged with being in unlawful possession of the arms and ammunition, before Mr. O. D. Melbourne.

Defendant pleaded guilty but explained, as she did to the officer, that they belonged to a man who said he would call back for them.

Mr. Melbourne said he believed her story and fined her \$50.

Opium Smokers.

A man was fined \$100 for keeping an opium den in the Central district and twenty-one smokers were fined 50 cents each at the Police Court to-day. Detective Murphy proved the charges.

FIRE INSURANCE CLAIM.

Story of Alleged Riot and Burning Last November.

This morning in the Summary Court, before Mr. Justice Gompertz, the Fook Lung Firm brought an action against the Beneficial Fire Insurance, claiming \$1000 under a contract for fire insurance. The plaintiffs' claim set out that it was for \$1000 under a contract dated January 14, 1911 made between the plaintiffs and the defendants, whereby in consideration of the payment by the plaintiffs to the defendants of a sum of \$30 the defendants agreed to insure, the plaintiffs' shop and fixtures, therein contained, at Fook Fong Main St. against destruction or damage by fire in the total sum of \$1200 being as to buildings in the sum of \$1000 and as to fixtures in the sum of \$200. The said building and fixtures were destroyed by fire on November 4, 1911. The plaintiffs waive the claim to the sum of \$200 in order to bring it within the jurisdiction of the summary court.

The statement of defence, showed a denial that they were liable in the sum of \$1200 or any sum under the said contract. The loss or damage by fire happened during the existence of a rebellion, insurrection, riot, and, or, civil commotion, within the country and, or, locality in which the property was situated and no proof had been made to the satisfaction of the defendant firm, or at all, that such loss or damage was not occasioned by, or connected with, such rebellion, insurrection, riot and, or, civil commotion. The insured property was destroyed by fire, and on account of robbers and rioters during the existence of a rebellion, insurrection, riot and, or, civil commotion.

Mr. H. W. Looker of Messrs. Deacon Looker and Deacon, appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. Sutherland Russ, of Messrs. Goldring Barlow and Morrell, for the defence.

After reading the pleadings, Mr. Looker submitted that the onus lay on his friend for him to sustain. His Lordship agreed.

Mr. Looker remarked that the policy of insurance was rather peculiar. The defendant firm was a private firm, and yet the policy was made out as though it was a corporate body. They even referred to the "corporate seal."

Mr. Russ, shortly outlining his case, said that on the night of November 3, 1911, there was a theatrical performance at Tung Po. A gang of between forty and fifty robbers were there and they began shooting all around, generally frightening the inhabitants. They then went to various houses and shops, and if the people did not pay, or made any objection, they poured kerosene oil down the front of the houses and set them on fire. One of these shops was the Fook Lung shop. The robbers then went and attacked the guard boats in the river and afterward made off.

His Lordship:—It resembles the piratical attack on Cheung Chau Island, does it not?

Mr. Russ:—Almost the same sort of thing; only there was fire in this case. I think I shall satisfy your Lordship, that it was a riot. It had all the five essentials of a riot. Whether it is an insurrection or not, I very much doubt; it is almost too local.

BISHOP POZZONI.

Dr. Pozzoni, Bishop of Tavia and Vicar Apostolic for Hongkong, is returning to the Colony the first week in December.

It will be remembered that his Lordship left some months ago, to attend a conference in Italy dealing with Catholic Missions in China. The conference has now completed its sittings, and one important outcome is the establishment of a special Missionary Board at Milan, whose duty it will be to manage certain matters connected with Far Eastern missions. A peculiar feature of the Board will be that it will consist entirely of priests who have had practical experience of work in this part of the world. The tenure of office of each member will be limited three or four years; each of the missionary districts of China will send a nominee to the Board, and by this means it is hoped that the Eastern missions will be in a better and more efficient state than at present.

ALLEGED PROCURING AND HARBOURING.

Three men said to be boarding house keepers were again charged with harbouring ten girls, and three women with procuring the girls for unlawful purposes, at the Police Court, this afternoon. Mr. Hodgson (Assistant Crown Solicitor) prosecuted; Mr. Davidson represented the men, Mr. Russ, of Messrs. Goldring and Barlow, two of the women, and L. d'Almada the other woman.

According to the opening statement, Sergeant A. Willis went on board the Jelunga and found the three women with all the girls in first class cabins. It was submitted that the reason why the women were in the first class was to avoid the customary examination for third class passengers. There was luggage marked with labels which bore the name of the boarding house owned by the male defendant. The girls were booked for Singapore. In the possession of the female defendants there was about \$10,000.

The case had not concluded when we went to press.

Fell into the Harbour.

A sloop was struggling to arrest a man who fell into the Harbour. The sloop was being driven further and further away.

LAMP THIEF.

Caught Operating in Kowloon in Board Day Light.

Mr. P. P. J. Wodehouse (Deputy Supr. of Police) prosecuted a man, at the Police Court, this morning, who was caught stealing gas fittings from a lamp in Kowloon in broad daylight.

Defendant:—The man who took the lamp ran away.

Mr. Wodehouse:—The police were looking for him for twenty-four hours, together with this man.

Mr. Melbourne:—Did you go with the police looking for him?

Defendant:—Yes your Worship. I was looking for him several times, but could not find him.

Mr. Wodehouse:—I ask your Worship to inflict a heavy penalty. In Kowloon, as on this side, there has been a series of these lamp thefts spreading over the last two years.

Mr. Melbourne:—To the last man I think I gave three months.

Mr. Wodehouse:—That is so, and I hope your Worship will not give this man less than three months.

Mr. Melbourne:—Have you any witnesses?

Defendant:—No.

Mr. Melbourne:—Three months and four hours stocks.

MISSING COMPRADORE.

Is He in Hiding in a Kwangtung Village?

It is stated that the absconding compadore had of late been spending money far more freely than his circumstances justified, especially in the direction of frequently taking parties out on motor car rides. He is said to have been performing his duties at the Bank as late as 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, when he left the building and told his chair coolies, who were waiting outside, that he would not require them, as he was going to West Point. The coolies thereupon returned to their master's house. Later, it is reported, he was wanted at the Bank and efforts were made to trace him by telephoning to various establishments at West Point and communicating with his house. However, nothing could be ascertained as to his whereabouts.

Burglaries and Larcenies.

The Hon. Mr. Pollock is apparently determined to get down to the bare, ugly facts in connection with the recent outbreak of burglaries and thefts in Hongkong. Lawyer that he is, he perceives that when the Hon. Mr. Murray Stewart, some few weeks ago, enquired in the Legislative Council "How many burglaries have been reported to the Police since June?" the official reply to the query interpreted the word "burglary" in its strictest sense. Hence Mr. Pollock's pointed question which is to come before to-morrow's Council meeting, calling for exhaustive details with regard to the occurrences of "larcenies in dwelling houses", during the same period covered by Mr. Stewart's enquiry. It will certainly be illuminative to know the number of cases reported, how many arrests and convictions have been made, what property has been recovered, the value of property lost, and, finally, how the facts compare with the same period last year. These are the main points covered by Mr. Pollock's omnibus query, and we wish him all success in getting down to the bed-rock, and learning how many "larcenies in dwelling houses" there have been in addition to the number of "burglaries reported to the Police since June"—the Hon. Mr. Stewart's query.

BROKEN IN TWO.

Latest News Concerning the Dacre Castle.

Enquiry at Messrs. Dodwell and Sons to-day elicited the fact that there was now practically no necessity for a salvager to be sent to the Dacre Castle. A telegram has been received by the firm stating that the vessel had broken in two, the two halves having drifted apart.

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COMPANY MEETING.

Hongkong Cotton Spinning Weaving and Dyeing Co., Ltd.

The fifteenth ordinary annual meeting of the shareholders in the Hongkong Cotton Spinning Weaving and Dyeing Co., Ltd. was held to-day at noon at the offices of the general managers Messrs Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., the Hon. Mr. C. H. Ross presiding. There were also present Sir Paul Chater O.M.G., Mr. J. W. C. Bonnar and Mr. Ho Fook, consulting committee and Messrs W. E. Clarke, J. Harrop, G. C. Moxon, A. S. Ellis, A. Rodger, H. Gittens, Lo Cheung-shui, P. C. Potts and the secretary, Mr. Ohas Boswick. The secretary having read the notice convening the meeting, the chairman said:—

Gentlemen, the statement of accounts having been in your hands for the past fortnight, I will, with your approval, take them as read.

At the time of our last meeting the mill was closed and it was then intimated to you that arrangements had been made for the manager of the Ewo mills in Shanghai to inspect and report upon our mill with a view to re-organisation. This was duly carried out and, as we had lost our old market in the north, it was decided that we should devote our attention towards spinning better qualities of yarn, similar to those produced in Shanghai and Japan. Work was recommenced at the end of October 1911, and special drafts of Shanghai operatives were placed in each department to form the nucleus of skilled labour required for improved production. Mr. J. Harrop who had previously had charge of one of our mills in Shanghai being engaged as manager.

In recommencing work, we had to face the difficulty of introducing our new spinners and were also added with heavy working expenses in the way of repairs and renewals consequent on the long period during which our machinery had been silent; there were also heavy charges for interest and imported labour. It was also most unfortunate that just as we started, the revolution broke out in China and the yarn trade suffered from the general depression in business which ensued.

During the last three months however, of our working period, trade improved and it is satisfactory to know that we have made sufficient progress to be able to participate in the improved conditions. I may perhaps here explain that, of the loss shown \$28,025 represents the fixed expenses during August, September and October, when the mill was silent. During the next six months of actual working this loss was increased by \$31,875 so that at end of April last our total loss for the nine months, concerned, amounted to \$58,500 but in May and June and July, I am pleased to tell you, the tide had turned, there being a gain on the working account during these three months of some \$13,000 thus reducing the loss for the year to \$45,570.55.

Since we recommenced work special attention has been paid towards bringing the property and machinery of the company to a fully efficient state, and it will be satisfactory for you to know that every machine is now in full work, and we have made such improvement in the output as to considerably reduce the working costs per bale.

All the northern workpeople have now returned to Shanghai. They found the southern climate trying, and we have the usual racial difficulties to overcome; but they served their purpose well and enabled us to reorganise our system of engaging local labour which so far appears to be working satisfactorily.

On April 30 last at a special meeting you sanctioned the sale to Shanghai of 10,000 spindles and their accompanying equipment, at Shanghai Ts. 15 per spindle delivered at Shanghai. This machinery has now been shipped, but as some necessary accessories which had to be ordered from home have not yet arrived, it has not therefore been possible to finally close the transaction. You will observe, however, an item in the balance sheet of the amount received to date, and it is expected that the final return will be about the same as originally estimated.

Cotton crop prospects in most producing centres being promising, we trust that with cheap raw material available, we may also experience a good state of trade in yarns and enable us to show a satisfactory result for the current year.

If there are any questions which shareholders would like to ask, I shall be pleased to answer them to the best of my ability.

There being no questions, the Chairman proposed the adoption of the report and accounts. Sir Paul Chater seconded, and the motion was carried.

On the motion of Mr. G. C. Moxon, seconded by Mr. P. C. Potts, Sir Paul Chater, Mr. J. W. C. Bonnar, and Mr. Ho Fook were re-elected to the consulting committee.

Mr. Clarke proposed and Mr. A. Rodger seconded the re-election of Mr. W. Hutton Potts as auditor for the ensuing year. The motion was carried.

The Chairman:—That is all the business gentlemen; thank you for your attendance.

COASTAL TRADING.

Well Known Company to Expand

Mr. Teo Yee Swee arrived in Hongkong this morning by the German Mail.

Mr. Swee is the proprietor and Manager of the Hock Cheung Company in Swatow.

When interviewed to-day about his plans, Mr. Swee said:

"We are the owners of the biggest coast ships in the East, and we are now acquiring two more. We intend to increase the tonnage of our line because the large amount of produce to be marketed necessitates our adding to our fleet. We are going to have larger ships, and we hope to contend with other coastal companies."

When asked as to his principal source of trade, Mr. Swee said:

"We carry coconuts, chiefly, but we also do a large amount of carrying in the way of native produce."

"Our principal ports of call are Hongkong, Swatow, Amoy, Singapore, Rangoon and Penang; but we expect to broaden out still further."

Mr. Swee is staying at the Grand Hotel for a few days, but as an intermediary, goes to Canton to-night.

Will the Republic Last.

Mr. Swee, when asked by a representative of the "Telegraph" as to his opinions of the status in China, said:

"The Republic will probably last; although President Yuan Shi-kai is having a hard struggle for the supremacy, and may have the luck to win out."

Dr. Sun Yat-sen is doing his best to insure the freedom of China, but it is a great question in my mind, and in the minds of all of us, as to whether he is a strong enough man to succeed in his well-meant endeavours."

"Personally I think that he has a gigantic proposition to deal with, and one that I do not think that he can successfully cope with."

"The matter of Foreign Loans is a question of deep import, and one that China will have to reckon with, later."

"The Chinese of Singapore say that they will not interfere at all, whichever way the wind blows, even should Chinese affairs culminate in serious trouble. They consider themselves quite out of it."

When asked about the probabilities of an Anti-Party, Mr. Swee said:

"Such a party may be formed, but I wish to say that the Manchus will never have another chance to rule us."

The North and the South will never agree, can never agree at present—because of the eternally existent jealousy."

Continuing Mr. Swee said: "We are so vast a people that it is next to the impossible to combine our strength into any one stable thing—and we are therefore reduced to our present status, viz: that of disguised warfare."

When the North is jealous of the South, and vice-versa, how can China be expected to achieve results?"

With regard to Dr. Sun Yat-sen, Mr. Swee added:

"There is a strong reason for my saying that Sun Yat-sen will soon be superseded by Mr. Sung Man Yuen."

SALE OF WORK.

Opered by Lady May this Afternoon.

A beautiful collection of fancy work dear to the heart of woman, was displayed on numerous stalls, at the sale of work opened at the City Hall, this afternoon, by Lady May. All the articles were contributed from home, and the fact that dexterous fingers in the homeland had prepared the divers confections was sufficient guarantee of their quality.

The object of the sale of work is that of assisting the Baxter day schools, and the Fairlea Boarding school, started by Miss Johnson some years ago, and until recently, carried on by the late Miss Eyres.

The names of the stall-holders and many of their loyal and energetic assistants are appended:—

Two Fancy Stalls:—Mrs. Pollock, and Mrs. Chatham. Assisted by Mrs. Bell, Mrs. Mallins, and Mrs. Patten.

Pottery and Woollens Stall:—Mrs. Schofield, assisted by Miss Rowe.

Toy Stall:—Mrs. M. Harston, assisted by Mrs. Waring, Mrs. Wakeman, Mrs. Black and Misses Harston.

Dollar Stall:—Mrs. Jackman. Grab Bag:—Miss Pearce. Childrens Clothes and Cushion Stall:—Mrs. Lamert, assisted by Mrs. Chapman, Mr. H. A. Lamert and Miss Shaw.

Tea Stall:—Mrs. Tomes and Mrs. Stabb, assisted by Mrs. Hastings, Mrs. Gregory, Mrs. Master, Miss May, Miss St. John, Miss Topham and Miss Tomes.

The Opening Ceremony.

There was a large attendance of ladies at the bazaar when Lady May formally opened it. Archdeacon Barnett in calling upon Lady May to do so said:—Before asking Lady May to open the sale of work I should like to say a word or two. You all know that educational work in Hongkong is divided into two classes; one which is self supporting and the other which is dependant on external help. Fairlea comes in the second class and it would be impossible to carry on the work at Fairlea were it not for help such as you are offering this afternoon. Fairlea, as you know, has been continued in the colony for over a quarter of a century. Miss Eyre when she came to Hongkong began her career in Fairlea. At the present time we are quite orphaned because Miss Fletcher who has been in charge since Miss Johnson's death is in England and Miss Roger has been lent to us from Pakhoi in order that we might continue the work until someone comes out to relieve her. Even the building has been taken from Fairlea. This has been rendered necessary by the coming of the University. Now quarters have been rented on the hill near the school and these quarters are very expensive. We have to pay nearly \$2300 per annum for temporary quarters for the girls school. I mention these things because I think that you ought to know them and it will help you to understand the necessity for doing our best for the institution which belongs to the colony and which we hope will continue and flourish in it. We are grateful to all who help and more especially to Lady May who, not for the first time, has shown special interest in the work at Fairlea. I have seen her at prize-givings and I have seen her at the opening of the sale, before to-day, for the same purpose. We thank her most sincerely for giving up her time and lending us her patronage and help in our work. I have much pleasure in asking Your Excellency to open the sale of work.

Lady May said:—I am sure after what Mr. Barnett has said that you do not want a speech from me, but I would like to say that for dear Miss Eyre's sake I hope that you will all spend as much money as possible for the good of the work. Miss Fletcher being at home, we should like to give her a great surprise, so I hope you will do all in your power to make it a success. Lady May then formally declared the sale of work open.

CASES OF LARCENIES.

Hon. Mr. Pollock to Put Pointed Questions.

The Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock has given notice of his intention to ask the following questions at to-morrow's meeting of the Legislative Council:—

1. How many cases of larcenies in dwelling-houses have been reported to the Police between the 1st June and the 31st August this year and from what Districts; in how many cases have arrests been made; how many convictions have been obtained; in how many instances has the property stolen been recovered; what is the total estimated value of the property lost; and how do the facts compare with last year's records of larcenies in dwelling-houses during the same period?

2. With reference to the man who entered Beaconsfield Arcade at night and who subsequently escaped from the Government Civil Hospital, will the Government state whether the man, at the time of his escape, was in charge of any, and, if so, what Constable, and what is his name and number? Has such Constable received any, and, if so, what punishment in respect of the escape of his prisoner? If not, why not? Will the Government also state whether, at the time of his admittance to the Hospital, the man had on handcuffs and/or other fetters, and, if so, whether such handcuff, or other fetters were either removed or loosened prior to his escape, and, if so, by whose orders? What complaint was the man suffering from when admitted into Hospital? What information has the Government to lay before the Council as to the method in which the man succeeded in making his escape?

A CELEBRATED QUARTETTE.

The celebrated MacWatters Male Quartette are in Hongkong; at least they were until they went to Canton and Macao for a few days sight-seeing. They are to return for a concert here in the Theatre Royal on Oct. 8. The is a Quartette of American college students who, at the end of a seven years college and university course, during which time they sang together throughout the United States, decided to "sing their way" around the world. They started last October from Boston, where they had been studying, and have visited the Panama Canal Zone, the Hawaiian Islands, Japan, Korea, Manchuria, North China, and the Philippines. They have not only earned their way so far but have pleased and delighted their audiences wherever they have gone. One of the men is a humorist impersonator who has been called "the funniest man in Boston." Mr. Evans is a pianist of considerable ability who has made a decided impression wherever he has played.

To-day's Advertisements

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship "Montrose" FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns at "Holt's Wharf" at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th inst., will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 1st prox., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 8th inst., at 2.30 p.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 2nd Oct., 1912. (730)

To-day's Advertisement

HONGKONG GYMKHANA CLUB.

THE FIFTH AND THE LAST GYMKHANA MEETING of the Season will be held at Happy Valley on SATURDAY, the 14th October, 1912, commencing at 8.30 a.m.

The Charge of Admission will be \$1.00 for others than Members of the Hongkong Jockey Club or Gymkhana Club.

Soldiers and Sailors in uniform Half Price.

The Committee invite the Ladies of Hongkong to be present.

REGINALD F. O. MASTER,

Hon. Secy and Treasurer.

Hongkong, 2nd Oct., 1912. [717]

BIJOU SCENIC THEATRE.

(Flower St. et)

TO-NIGHT, 9.15 p.m. TO-NIGHT.

Grand Special Comic New

PICTURES

by your old Friends

MAX LINDER,

NICK WINTER & CO.

Also

The Charming New Artists

MISS ADA ROWLEY

(Balletist)

MISS GLADYS SPENCER

(Soubrette)

Popular Prices. R.H.S.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG CORINTHIAN YACHT CLUB.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Club House on WEDNESDAY, October, 9th 1912, at 5.30 p.m.

Business:—

Passing Report and Accounts;

Election of officers for the ensuing year;

Passing of Revised Rules.

ALEX. P. STORRIE,

Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 2nd Oct., 1912. [719]

NOTICE.

MR. JAMESHEDJI ARDESHEIR

CHINOY, of the firm of Messrs.

Chino and Co., having retired from

business, I, the undersigned, will no

conduct the same business under the

same name from this date.

D. H. COOPER

Hongkong, 1st October 1912. [718]

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

FOR SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI,

Kobe and YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship

"DERFFLINGER,"

Captain F. Proch, will leave for the

above places TO-MORROW, THURSDAY,

the 3rd instant, at 4 a.m.

For further particulars apply to

MELOHER & CO.,

General Agents,

Hongkong, 2nd Oct., 1912. [7]

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"DERFFLINGER,"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are

hereby informed that their goods, with

the exception of Opium, Treasure and

Valuables, are being landed and stored

at their risk into the hazardous and/or

extra hazardous Godowns of the Hong-

kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown

Company, Limited, Kowloon, and

West Point Godowns, whence delivery

may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on

unless intimation is received from the

Consignees before noon to-day request-

ing it to be landed here.

No claims will be admitted after the

Goods have left the Godowns, and all

goods remaining undelivered after the

9th of Oct., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged

Goods are to be left in the Godowns,

where they will be examined on the

9th of Oct., at 9.30 a.m.

All claims must reach us before the

1st of October, 1912, or they will

not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned

by the undersigned.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,

MELOHER & CO.,

General Agents,

Hongkong, 2nd Oct., 1912. [72]

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

CORNEB BEEF.

One man's meat is another's poison. The King's Fool may demand pheasants' tongues for breakfast whilst most of us are well satisfied with Corned Beef and Cabbage for a change— If it be good and well cooked! It is a dish for live men not for mummies.

September 24, 1912.

JAS. BUCHANAN & CO.

have a selection of Whiskies to please all palates.

Look at the following list, and we are sure that we can provide you with a whisky to suit your taste.

RED SEAL.

PIEBALD.

BLACK AND WHITE.

TANDEM.

ROYAL HOUSEHOLD.

SPECIAL LIQUEUR.

GARNER BUELCH & CO.

SOLE AGENTS,

Tel. 636.

S.O.A.E.O.

FAR EAST OXYGEN AND ACETYLENE CO., LTD.

AUTOGENOUS WELDING.

repair of boilers and hulls, welding of cracks.

Renewing of corroded plates by addition of metal

Welding of broken pieces of any kind of metal

OFFICE: St. George's Building, 3rd Floor, Telephone 1041. [45]

Diss Bros
TAILORS

1, WYNDHAM STREET (Flower St.) ESTABLISHED 1900. [43]

NOTICE.

THE CLIFFORD-WILKINSON TANSAN MINERAL WATER CO., LTD., have pleasure in informing the public that they have procured in services of Mr.

Oswald Dalgleish, Consulting Chemist, from NOTTINGHAM, ENGLAND, as Manager of their Works at TAKARADZKA. His scientific and technical knowledge, gained by a wide and varied experience in all branches of the bottling of aerated waters and the manufacture of Sweet Waters, enables them to assure their customers that they can now procure TANSAN—The Choicest of all Choice Waters—and Tansan Sweet Waters in perfect condition.

HERBERT PRICE,

SECRETARY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA AND HONGKONG

GANDE PRICE & CO., LTD.,

Wine Merchants.

12, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

Telephone No. 115.

Shipping

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

EMPEROR LINE.

Sailings from Hongkong and Quebec.

"Monteagle"	Satur. Oct. 5	"E. of Ireland"	Fri. Nov. 1
"E. of India"	Oct. 26	"Allian Line"	Nov. 22
"E. of Japan"	Nov. 16	"E. of Britain"	Dec. 13

All steamers leave Hongkong at 6 P.M.
To Vancouver, B.C., calling at Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Island Sea of Japan), Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria, B.C.
Passengers booked to all the principal ports in Canada, the United States and Europe, also Around the World.
For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to—
D. W. Craddock, General Traffic Agent,
Corner Pedder Street and Praya (Opposite Blake Pier.)

83] To Vancouver, B.C., calling at Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Island Sea of Japan), Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria, B.C.
Passengers booked to all the principal ports in Canada, the United States and Europe, also Around the World.
For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to—
D. W. Craddock, General Traffic Agent,
Corner Pedder Street and Praya (Opposite Blake Pier.)

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

(Projected Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Alteration.)

YHAMA, KOBE & MOJI KUMSANG	Thursday, 3rd Oct., Noon.
TIENSIN & TSINGTAU WEIHAWEI & CHE-FOO	CHEONGSHING
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALUTTA	NAMSANG
SHANGHAI & SWATOW KWONGSANG	Friday, 4th Oct., Noon.
MANILA	LOONGSANG
SHANGHAI	WINGSANG
MANILA	YUENSANG

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN (Occupying 24 days).
The steamers "Kutang," "Namsang" and "Kookang," leave about every 8 weeks for Shanghai and Japan returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days. This service is supplemented by the "Lisang" and "Kamsang" leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Moji and Kobe and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days.
These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A fully qualified surgeon is also carried.
Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin, Dairen, Weihaiwei, Tsingtau and Newchwang.
Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Kudd, Lahad Dato, Singapore, Tawau, Usukan, Jesselton and Labuan.
For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LD.**
Telephone No. 216. General Managers. [8]

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY "SHIRE" LINE SERVICE

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

For	Steamers	Date of Departure
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	FLINTSHIRE	About 11th Oct.
LONDON, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP	DEN OF GLAMIS	23rd Oct.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	DENBIGHSHIRE	27th Oct.
LONDON & ANTWERP	FLINTSHIRE	14th Nov.

* Does not carry passengers.
These steamers have superior accommodation for a limited number of First Class Passengers. Cabins are situated amidships, and are fitted with electric light and fans. Attention is particularly directed to the moderate fares charged.
For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LD.**
AGENTS. [94]

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO, AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF
THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON	CANTON TO HONGKONG
WEDNESDAY, 2nd OCTOBER.	WEDNESDAY, 2nd OCTOBER.
10.00 p.m. "KINSHAN."	5.00 p.m. "FATSHAN."
THURSDAY, 3rd OCTOBER.	THURSDAY, 3rd OCTOBER.
8.00 a.m. "HONAM."	8.00 a.m. "HEUNGSHAN."
10.00 p.m. "FATSHAN."	5.00 p.m. "KINSHAN."

These steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to the Superior Saloon and Cabin. Electric Fan in each Cabin.
HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.
S.S. "SUI TAI" Tons 1651 S.S. "SUI AN" Tons 1651
HONGKONG TO MACAO.
Week days at 8 A.M. & 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sunday at 9 A.M. & 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.
Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 5 P.M.
EXCURSION TO MACAO.
SUNDAY, 7th OCTOBER.
The Company's Steamship, "SUI AN,"

will depart from the Company's WING LOK WHARF at 9 A.M. Departure from Macao at 5 P.M.
N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

This steamer connects with the excursion steamer returning from Macao at 5 P.M.
FARES AS USUAL.
Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.
S.S. HOI-SANG, 457 Tons.
Departures from Macao to Canton on Mon., Wednes., & Fri., at 9 P.M.
Departures from Canton to Macao on Tues., Thurs., & Sat., at 4.30 P.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF
HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.
CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.
S.S. "SAINAM," 588 Tons, and "NANNING," 569 Tons.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.50 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct steamers "LINTAN" and "SANUL." These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are fitted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.
Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.
Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the **HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.**
HOTEL MANSION (FIRST FLOOR).
Opposite the Royal Pier. [10]

Shipping

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

Destination. Steamers and Displacement. Sailing Dates.

MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ & PORT SAID	HITACHI MARU, Capt. T. Yamawaki, T. 18,000	WEDNESDAY, 9th Oct., at Daylight.
	MIYASAKI MARU, Capt. T. Mutsu, T. 10,000	WEDNESDAY, 9th Oct., at D'light.

VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATTLE VIA KUELUNG, S'WATOW, MOJI, KOBÉ, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU & YHAMA	AWA MARU, Capt. Shimidzu, T. 12,500	TUESDAY, 8th Oct., at Noon.
	SADO MARU, Capt. Asakawa, T. 12,500	TUESDAY, 8th Oct., at Noon.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE, via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	YAWATA MARU, Capt. T. Sakino, T. 7,000	FRIDAY, 25th Oct., at Noon.
	NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi, T. 9,000	FRIDAY, 22nd Nov., at Noon.

BOMBAY & SINGAPORE & COLOMBO	KAMAKURA MARU, Capt. Mori, T. 12,500	MONDAY, 14th October.
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CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON	COLOMBO MARU, Capt. Kamoshita, T. 5,000	SATURDAY, 5th October.
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KOBÉ & YOKOHAMA	IYO MARU, Capt. R. Takechi, T. 12,500	THURSDAY, 9th Oct., at 11 A.M.
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SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBÉ	KAWACHI MARU, Capt. A. Christian, T. 12,500	WEDNESDAY, 9th October.
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N'SAKI, KOBÉ & NIKKO MARU, YOKOHAMA	NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi, T. 9,000	WEDNESDAY, 28th Oct., at Noon.
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SHANGHAI & KOBÉ	HIROSHIMA MARU, Capt. Hirao, T. 5,000	THURSDAY, 3rd October.
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Car. only.

PASSENGER SEASON FOR 1913.

Steamer	Tons displacement.	Leaving H.K.
Mishima Maru	10,000	29th January.
Kaga Maru	12,500	12th February.
Atsuta Maru	10,000	26th February.
Hitaichi Maru	13,000	12th March.
Miyasaki Maru	10,000	26th March.
Kitano Maru	10,000	9th April.
Iyo Maru	12,500	23rd April.
Hirao Maru	10,000	7th May.
Tango Maru	12,500	21st May.

Steamer	Tons displacement.	Leaving H.K.
Inaba Maru	12,500	11th February.
Shidzuoka Maru	12,500	25th February.
Tamba Maru	12,500	11th March.
Awa Maru	12,500	25th March.
Sado Maru	12,500	4th April.
Yokohama Maru	12,500	22nd April.
Inaba Maru	12,500	6th May.
Shidzuoka Maru	12,500	20th May.

(Subject to change without notice.)
T. KUSUMOTO, Manager.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

For	Steamers	To Sail
SHANGHAI	"CHENAN"	3rd Oct., 4 P.M.
HAIPHONG	"SUNGKIANG"	5th " 10 A.M.
AMOI, CHEFOO & NEW-CHANGWANG	"PAOTING"	5th " 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"LINAN"	5th " M'night.
MANILA, ORBU & ILOILO	"KAIFONG"	8th " 4 P.M.

This steamer has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in State-rooms. A fully qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares, Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

DIRECT SAILING TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL"	
MA'ILA LINE—Twin screw Steamers "Teng" and "Tanjing,"	
saloon accommodation midships; electric fans fitted; extra state-rooms on deck, ab. Saloon accommodation of a.s. "Kallong" is situated on deck, abt. Electric Fans fitted.	
SHANGHAI LINE—FAST SCHEDULE TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS (Anhui, Cheuk, Lian, Chaiqua), with excellent passenger accommodation. Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloon, leave Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.	

N.B.—Passengers must embark before midnight on Saturday for the Sunday morning sailings. A Company's launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every Saturday night.
These steamers land passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Foochow.

Reduced Fares—Single \$45. Return \$75.
NEW SERVICE.

SHANGHAI TO ANTUNG
Sailing on alternate Wednesdays.
For Freight or Passage apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Telephone No. 24.
HONGKONG, 1st October 1912.

Shipping

HONGKONG—PHILIPPINES.

PHILIPPINES STEAMSHIP CO.

Steamship	Tons	Captain	For	Sailing Date
RUBI	4000	Miller	Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu.	TUESDAY, 8th Oct., 4 P.M.
ZAFIRO	4000	Cross	Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu.	FRIDAY, 18th Oct., 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., GENERAL MANAGERS

Hongkong 1st October, 1912. [14]

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between JAVA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	For	Will leave on or about
Tjikini	JAVA	1st half Oct.	JAPAN	1st half Oct.
Tijpanas	JAVA	1st half Oct.	SHANGHAI	1st half Oct.
Tijmanook	JAPAN	1st half Oct.	JAPAN	1st half Oct.
Tijlating	JAVA	1st half Oct.	JAPAN	2nd half Oct.
Tijlaron	JAVA	2nd half Oct.	JAPAN	2nd half Oct.
Tijlirong	JAVA	2nd half Oct.	JAPAN	2nd half Oct.
Tijlodon	JAVA	1st half Nov.	SHANGHAI	1st half Nov.
Tijmah	JAVA	1st half Nov.	SHANGHAI	1st half Nov.

The steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light, and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers, and will take cargo to all Ports in Netherlands-India on through B/L.
For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the **JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN,**
Telephone No. 375. York Building. [15]

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

Imperial Japanese Trans-Pacific Mail Line.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE

Connecting with the Western Pacific Railway at San Francisco to all ports in the United States and Canada and with Trans-Atlantic Lines to Europe.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG. (Subject to alteration.)

Steamer	Tons	Captain	Date of sailing
S.S. "Chiyo Maru"	11,000	W. W. Greene	Oct. 8th, Noon.
S.S. "Nippon Maru"	21,000	A. G. Stevens	Oct. 29th, Noon.
S.S. "Tosyo Maru"	21,000	E. Bent	Nov. 5th, Noon.
S.S. "Shinyo Maru"	21,000	H. S. Smith	Nov. 26th, Noon.

These steamers are equipped with Turbine Engines and Triple Screws. All steamers carry Japanese Government wireless telegraph and post office. The steamer "Chiyo Maru" will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBÉ, YOKKAICHI, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU on TUESDAY, the 8th Oct., at Noon.
INTERMEDIATE SERVICE.

The twin screw steamer "Nippon Maru" will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBÉ, YOKOHAMA & HONOLULU on TUESDAY, the 29th October, at Noon.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

In connection with the National Railway of Mexico at Manzanillo and Tehuantepec National Railway at Salina Cruz.
Only Regular Direct Service to Mexico, Chilean and Peruvian Ports.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (Subject to Alteration.)

Steamer	Tons	Date of sailing
Bayo Maru	10,500	Friday, October 4, Noon.
Hongkong Maru	11,000	Tuesday, December 3, Noon.
Kiyo Maru	17,500	Saturday, February 1, 1913.

For Further Particulars as to Passage and Freight, apply to **S. MORIMOTO, Agent,**
(KING'S BUILDING Opposite Blake Pier)

"THE BIG" 4 OF THE PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

MONSOLIA	MANCHURIA	KOREA	SIBERIA
17,000 tons, twin screws.	27,000 tons, twin screws.	11,000 tons, twin screws.	15,000 tons, twin screws.
Also 11,000 tons, China, 1,900 tons, and Persia, 9,000 tons.			

From Hongkong calling at Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe (via Inland Sea), Yokohama and Honoluli (The Paradise of the Pacific). Through Service via New York to Europe.

SOME FEATURES OF SERVICE.
LIGHTS AND FANS: Individual Electric Reading Light in each berth and Electric Fan in each State-room under passenger's control.
SWIMMING TANK: Is installed on deck for salt water plunging. Bathing suits on board.
BAND: Filipino string band concerts each evening and also during Tea and Dinner.
CUISINE: The Cuisine is under the direct supervision of one of the world's most famous caterers.
GAMES AND AMUSEMENTS: Deck Games, such as Quizzes, Shuffle board and all kinds of gymnastic sports, are arranged during the voyage, as well as indoor amusements, such as musical entertainments, Dances and Masquerade Balls on deck are also arranged to while away the time.
WIRELESS AND SUBMARINE SIGNAL SERVICE: The most powerful Wireless Telegraph apparatus is installed on all steamers, and Submarine Signal Service is used as an additional means of safety.
BILGE KEELS: Are fitted to the ships to prevent rolling at sea, thus ensuring steadiness and constant comfort.

THE COST: Is not more by this route with its unrivalled opportunities, than by any other route. For a return ticket to London the cost is less than by any other route. For the INTERMEDIATE SERVICE First Class accommodations are provided for £11 (to London return ticket £7) and to San Francisco £12. SPECIAL RATES to officers, Army, Navy, Clergy, or Civil Service.

Steamers:	Tons	Starting	Oct.	15th	at 1 p.m.
Mongolia	27,000	"	Oct.	23rd	at 1 p.m.
Persia	9,000	"	Nov.	13th	at 1 p.m.
Korea	18,000	"	Nov.	19th	at 1 p.m.
Siberia	18,000	"	Dec.	6th	at 1 p.m.
China	10,800	"	Dec.	10th	at 1 p.m.
Manchuria	27,000	"	Oct.	1st	at 1 p.m.

* Intermediate Steamers. LET US PLAN AN ITINERARY FOR YOU
King's Building (Opp. Blake Pier). FRID. J. HALTON, Telephone No. 141
Hongkong, 6th September, 1912. Agent.
Panama-Pacific International Exposition San Francisco-1915.

WING KEE & CO.

47-49, Colabaug Rd.

SHIPHANDLERS

PROVISION & COAL

MERCHANTS

Sole Agents for the Straits, Malacca, and Singapore.

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Sole Agents for the Straits, Malacca, and Singapore.

MEE CHEUNG.

ART PHOTOGRAPHER

HONGKONG.

TELEPHONE NO. 1013.

DEVELOPER, PRINTING & ENGRAVING

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LOG BOOE

Projected Portuguese Line to Brazil.

The Portuguese Government has appointed a commission composed of naval officers and members of industrial and commercial associations to fix definitely the conditions on which are to be based the public tenders of Portuguese and foreign navigation companies for a new service of boats from Portugal to Brazil touching at Madeira, and the Azores.

British India Skipper in Trouble at Rangoon.

A complaint has been filed with the district magistrate, says the "Rangoon Gazette," by Mr. R. S. Giles, barrister-at-law, on behalf of Mr. H. G. Ashton, deputy conservator of the port, against Captain A. R. W. Hancock, master of the steamer Arankola, of the British India Steam Navigation Company. The plaintiff states that the Arankola arrived at the pilot brig at the mouth of the Rangoon River on route from Calcutta to Rangoon shortly after half-past two on the morning of August 13. The employment of pilots was compulsory in the Port of Rangoon. Before the Arankola reached the pilot brig she was informed by signal from the pilot brig that there would be no pilots available on the brig until an outward bound steamer arrived there. The Arankola was then in sight outward bound and had on board a pilot who could on the arrival of the Arankola at the pilot brig have become available to bring the Arankola into Rangoon. Such pilot in fact was dropped at the brig at 3.32 a.m. The accused acknowledged receipt of the first part of the message signalled to him, that is the words "no pilot," but neglected and refused to acknowledge the remainder of the message although it was repeated many times. The accused thereupon navigated the Arankola from the pilot brig through the port of Rangoon up to the limits of the harbour without having on board any pilot, harbour master, or the assistant to the Port Officer, a harbour master, and thereby violated section 31 of the Indian Ports Act of 1908.

The Kobe Harbour Improvements.

Plans, with explanatory statements, showing the progress made in the works at Kobe Harbour have been issued and the works are open to the public any day for inspection. The operations are still confined chiefly to the construction of quays and the breakwater. The total number of ferro-concrete caissons so far sunk in connection with the construction of the piers are 39—12 (the whole number required) for the No. 1 or eastern quay, 22 for No. 4 or western quay, and 5 for No. 2 quay, the construction of which was taken in hand in June last year. Thus the number of caissons so far laid is half the total number required for the whole works. The reclaiming operations at Nos. 1 and 4 quays are being pushed on apace, and obtained by dredging the bottom of the sea being used for the purpose. Four caissons have been laid for the foundations of the breakwater outside the harbour. The total area of land reclaimed so far covers 27,112 sabu, of which 3,800 sabu belong to No. 1 pier and 1,800 sabu to No. 4 pier. The area of sea floor dredged is over 83,000 sabu, including both sides of No. 4 pier and the space between piers No. 2 and 3. The length of the landing stage now completed is 163 ken (978 feet), while the quay wall is completed for a length of 68 ken (386 feet). Two wooden sheds have been built, covering 1,056 sabu of ground. Roadways, 60 feet in width, have been completed for 98 ken (576 feet). 72-foot roads have been constructed for a distance of 40 ken (240 feet). It may be mentioned that the reclaiming for the shore works in connection with piers No. 1, 2, and 4 is now almost entirely completed, while about two-thirds of the reclaiming for No. 3 pier is complete, and one-third of that for No. 4 pier.

No ice JUST ARRIVED "EMBASSY"

**VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
& SMOKING MIXTURE
MADE BY
W. D. & H. O. WILLS.
BRISTOL & LONDON.
XMAS PRESENTS.**

KUMQUATS

CHOW CHOW

FINEST PRESERVED GINGER

can be delivered to any part of the world.

FOR PRICES, APPLY

CHINA EXPRESS CO.

Tel. 608

Duddell Street.

Consignees

FROM EUROPE.

THE H. A. L. Steamship
"ARCADIA."

Captain Karberg, having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained against Bill of Lading countersigned by the Under-Manager.

Optional Cargo will be carried on deck, no loss to the contrary to be given to-wards.

All claims must be presented within 10 days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 2nd prox. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods must be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 2nd prox. at 9.30 a.m.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

This steamer brings on cargo:—
Ex ss. "President Lincoln" from New York.

"Faro" from Seboul.
"Toto" from Christchurch.
"Faro" from Ahme.
"Goleong" from Goleong.

HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE
Hamburg Agents.
Hongkong 20th Sept. 1912.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SS. "CHIYO MARU."

From SAN FRANCISCO, via
HONOLULU, JAPAN
PORTS.

The above-named steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for signature, and to take immediate delivery of Cargo from the Godowns.

Cargo remaining undelivered on TUESDAY, October 1st, at 5 p.m., will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense, and delivery must then be taken from Consignees' Godowns.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

No claims will be recognized after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after FRIDAY, 4th prox., will be subject to rent and landing charges.

All chafed and otherwise damaged Cargo to be left on board or ashore, and examination of same to be held on SATURDAY, 9th prox.

All claims must be filed on or before FRIDAY, 11th prox., otherwise they will not be recognized.

S. MORIMOTO,
Agent.
Tel. 574, 5th Sept. 1912.

Consignees

"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "BEN" RTY."

FROM ANTWERP, MIDDLES-
BRO', LONDON & STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., whence delivery may be obtained against Bill of Lading countersigned by the Under-Manager.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 7th prox. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-Manager on or before the 11th inst., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 7th prox. at 11 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

HBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 1st Oct. 1912.

710

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVI-
GATION CO., LTD.FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG
AND SINGAPORE.THE Company's Steamship
"KUMANG"

having arrived from the above Ports
Consignees of cargo by her are hereby
informed that their goods will be de-
livered from alongside.

Cargo remaining on discharge or
remains on board after Noon, the
1st Oct., will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JARDINE, MATHESON
& CO., LTD.
General Managers.
Hongkong 30th Sept. 1912.

720

Manila Anti-spitting Ordinance.

An attempted prosecution no-
der the anti-spitting ordinance in
the Manila municipal court the
other day failed, owing to the
refusal of the assistant prosecu-
tor to proceed to prove the case, on
the claim that there was nothing
in the ordinance that prohibited
a person from spitting from a
window or in the sidewalk. The
case was that of a Filipino in the
municipality arrested by Patrol-
man Harris.

TYPHOID IN THE STATES.

Deaths four times higher
than in Europe.

Results of investigation in Was-
hington and in Europe into the
number and causes of typhoid
cases show a startling excess of
deaths from typhoid in the United
States over Europe.

The excessively high typhoid
fever rate in the United States is
characterized as "our national
disgrace" by sanitarians and pub-
lic health experts, and the com-
parisons made, as the result of
investigations just concluded,
seem to justify the characteriza-
tion. Despite the advanced meth-
ods of living in this country, the
statistics show that the rate of
typhoid deaths in this country
per 100,000 of population is 18.5
in excess of the rate in the Euro-
pean cities taken as a basis of
comparison.

The registration area used com-
prises about 55 per cent of the
entire area of the United States,
and is conceded to be a more than
fair basis for comparison with
Europe.

The figures show that of fifty
cities having a population of
10,000 or more, the lowest typhoid
rate is 8.8 deaths to each 100,000
in population. Cincinnati, O.,
bears this distinction.

Comparative Figures.

Of ten European cities, with a
population of more than 100,000
each, the highest average rate of
deaths from typhoid to each 10,000
of population for the last ten years
is 4.7, which is the record of Lon-
don. Stockholm, Sweden, has
maintained an average for the last
ten years of 1.7 deaths per 100,000
population. The ten cities men-
tioned represent a total popula-
tion of 15,000,000.

The highest rate in fifty cities
of the United States for 1910, the
latest figures available for com-
parison, was 86.7, the rate in
Omaha, Neb.

These conditions exist, despite
the fact that typhoid fever is gen-
erally conceded by the medical
profession to be the most thor-
oughly preventable of the impor-
tant diseases. Studies by boards
of the public health service in the
last six years have brought this
fact forcibly before the public
health officers of the country. Even
the alarming figures quoted represent an enormous
reduction in the last twenty
years. The figures for 1909 and
1910 are the lowest in the United
States since 1899, when statistics
were first compiled.

The total deaths in the re-
gistration area for typhoid fever
were, in 1909, 10,722, and for
1910, 12,703. The rate of deaths
for 1909 was 23 to each 100,000
of population, and for 1910, 23.5
for the same number.

Measures Recommended.

Summed up briefly, and in the
order of their importance, the
following measures are recom-
mended by the public health
service and sanitarians to prevent
typhoid:

Proper sewage disposal and the
protection of such sewage from
chickens, flies and other bacilli
carriers.

Pure public water supplies, by
the closing up of shallow wells
and the installation of effective
filtration plants.

Rigid dairy inspection and the
pasteurization of milk.

A more prompt and complete
control over recognized cases of
typhoid fever by public health
authorities.

Experience has shown that
typhoid inoculation in small
amounts gives partial immunity,
but the effects of such inocu-
lation wear off in two or three
years.

Typhoid fever is due solely to
the typhoid bacilli. The germs
grow and breed only in the
human body. They come only
from the excretions of typhoid
patients or so-called typhoid
carriers.

The most dangerous general
agent in spreading typhoid
germs is water which has been
polluted by improper disposal
of human sewage. For years
water was considered the only
agent by which the disease could
be spread, and the most impor-
tant step toward stamping out the
terrible mortality from typhoid
fever was the discovery that the
other agents exist. That the pur-
ification of the water supply will
not of itself safeguard the com-
munity.

The other agents were found
to be flies, chickens and other
animal and insect carriers, per-
sonal contact with typhoid
patients, and milk.

Perhaps the most dangerous of
the new agents discovered is per-
sonal contact. Close association
with a typhoid patient, whether
through nursing or visiting, may
very readily result in the trans-
mission of the disease. The
germ may go from the hand of
the patient, or may reach the
hands of the nurse through hand-
ling the patient. To prevent the
spread of the disease through
contact, health authorities in
many cities now send pamphlets
to each case of typhoid as soon as
it is reported, giving instructions
as to the disinfection of sewage,
linen and eating utensils of
patients, and the clothing of the
nurse, in typhoid cases.

The low rate in European cities,
as compared with American
cities, is attributed by public
health authorities to the fact that
European water supplies are as a
whole, purer; to the more rigid
and extensive enforcement of
sanitary measures and treatment,
made possible by the difference
in the people and the forms of
government to the use of less raw
milk and the absence of large
dairy farms, and to the different
climatic conditions.

SERVICE MATTERS.

U. S. Transport Warren.

The transport Warren was to
leave Manila on September 28 for
Chingwantao and Nagasaki, tak-
ing stores to the troops on duty
in China, and returning by way
of the Japanese port for a cargo
of coal for the army in the
Philippines. Many officers of the
army and their families are taking
advantage of the trip of the
Warren, and a gay throng com-
posed her passenger list, says the
"Cablenews American."

The two Navies.

The fully commissioned battle-
ships of the British and German
Fleets stand at this moment in
the proportion of 27 to 22 re-
spectively, says the "Globe."
The British total comprises the
four Duncans, which are about to
be based on Gibraltar, and will,
therefore, at our "average
moment" be quite four days
steaming from the North Sea; and
the German total has been raised
to its present strength by the
commissioning of the first in-
stalment of five ships for service
in the new Third Squadron,
which at Germany's "isolated
moment," in or after 1914, will
be at its full strength of eight
all-big-gun units. Ship for ship
in heavy gun fire the superiority
in our favour at present may be
fairly assessed at 25 per cent.

But taking the offensive and
defensive qualities of the two
fleets into account, it is impossible
to claim that a measurable
advantage resides on the British
side.

Australian Military Flying Corps.
An aviation school will shortly
be established at Duntroon, in the
Australian Federal Capital ter-
ritory. Acting upon the advice
of the War Office, the Minister for
Defense made a start for Australia
by ordering two biplanes and two
monoplanes. These are expected
to arrive during the present month.

Two aviators have already been
appointed. One of them is under-
stood to be an Australian, while
the other has also had Australian
experience. Volunteers will be
called for from the present Militia
establishment to undergo a course
of training at Duntroon. It is
understood that the English
course of training will be adopted.

According to the military authori-
ties, not the slightest difficulty
will be experienced in securing a
sufficiency of volunteers. As
soon as the first batch has com-
pleted its course, the Australian
flying corps will be brought into
existence, and, as successive bat-
ches become available, its mem-
bers will automatically increase
as the corps develops. Further
aeroplanes are to be purchased,
the idea being to establish well-
equipped branches of the flying
corps at the State capitals, and
other important points. What a
naval flying corps will also be
established has not yet been de-
cided, but the magnificent service
rendered by the Australian Navy
will be a great asset to the
country.

SPREAD OF CHOLERA.

Notes by Singapore Health Officer.

In the Malay Medical Journal
is a paper by the Editor (Dr.
Brooke, Port Health Officer,
Singapore) upon the spread of
cholera, which is prefaced by
this opening remark:—"The true
mysteries of the spread of cholera
have yet to be solved. It is often
extremely hard to trace the origin
of a first case, and even harder to
foretell whether the disease will
die out at once or spread like
flashed tinder."

Dr. Brooke goes on to say:—
"The usually accepted idea as to
the spread of cholera is that,
either by direct faecal contamina-
tion or by the intervention of
flies, some special well or reservoir
or food supply becomes infected,
and that the cases traceable to
this primary source will infect
secondary sources. That such a
history is possible has been proved
many times—witness the Ham-
burg infection of 1892. In fact in
Europe it seems likely that such a
condition may be the usual method
of spread. But in the tropics,
where bacterial life flourishes so
readily, I cannot help thinking
that an infection limited to some
common source of supply is rarer
than one would imagine. I say
this from the observation of many
small epidemics on the Singapore
Quarantine Station over a period
of some years. The conditions
which these obtain are:—Water
supply is obtained by condensing
sea water on a large scale and
pumping it up to a high service
reservoir which is covered and
locked and mosquito proofed.
From this reservoir, water mains
deliver the water to each cottage
ward by means of a standpipe,
which is only turned on three
times daily to give just sufficient
water for actual cooking and
drinking needs, without having
to store any. Thus the water
supply is above suspicion. With
regard to the food this is sent
from the shore daily by a con-
tractor, and consists only of arti-
cles which can be cooked. These
are served out to the people and
cooked by them and subsequent-
ly eaten hot, in fact hotter than I
personally should care to eat food.
It is unlikely therefore that any
batches of food, as a whole, will
become infected."

It has often been asserted that
flies are one of the chief means of
conveying cholera infection in the
tropics. Now the quarantine
station at Singapore is often
grossly affected with flies, at
certain seasons of the year; and
if Tamil rather than Chinese
coolies are quarantined, then the
flies become like a plague of
Egypt owing to the primitive
habits of the former races. In
June, 1911, a batch of about
3,400 Tamil immigrants were
landed on the quarantine station,
infected with cholera. Of this
total, 122 were paying passen-
gers, as opposed to the remainder
which were indentured coolies.
These passengers were of a
most respectable class: than
the others, and were kept in
a ward by themselves. The
ward, however, was surrounded
at a distance of only a few yards
by the wards containing the
indentured coolies, and no restric-
tions were placed on the move-
ments of anyone. The food was
served out to everyone from the
same supply. The water supply
was identical in each case. There
were many flies which visited the
food of every ward alike. The
daily totals of cholera were as
follows:—2, 3, 17, 12, 14, 18, 13,
18, 9, and so on. These cases
occurred in every ward occupied
by the indentured coolies, but not
a single case occurred in the free
passenger ward, and they were
discharged after a second disin-
fection on the 8th day of their stay.
This fact, I think, gives food for
thought. It almost certainly ex-
cludes a general food infection
and also a fly-borne infection
which is instructive.

Satisfactory Results.
While trying to work this out,
it was obvious that the infection
was only being conveyed from
the actual stools and vomit of the
patients (before they were found
and removed to hospital) or from
the stools of carriers. The ques-
tion was, how was this effected,
and why were not the free pas-
senger ward infected? The only
possible explanation seemed that the
passengers were not in contact
with the infected patients.

feet, and then by fingering
their food, convey the vibrio to
their mouth. Those of cleaner
habits, such as the free passengers,
would in that case more probably
escape. Acting on this theory,
on the 8th day, their fingernails
were cut, and buckets of Sanitas
Okol solution (1 in. 500) were
placed at each door of each ward.
At each meal time the coolies
were sent inside the ward, and
only allowed out, to feed, after
thoroughly washing their hands
in the disinfectant. Between
meals all plates and dishes were
kept in Okol solution. The result
was very satisfactory, as the daily
totals dropped at once, to single
figures and only showed odd cases
for another 12 days which can
easily be explained by interper-
dial infection.

I have adopted this procedure
on most occasions since, and the
results are certainly cheering.
Only the other day an infected
shipload was being detained on
the quarantine station and the
disease was being kept within
reasonable limits for a week or so.
The Resident Medical Officer then
left the station for one day only,
and on the following day, three
times the number of cases occur-
red, falling again thereafter.
This may have been only a coin-
cidence, but I cannot help think-
ing that the slackened control led
to the omission of hand washing
and to the greater number of cases.

Method of Procedure.
The following is the procedure
I should recommend for dealing
with cholera contacts under
control:—

1. Thorough disinfection of
clothes and persons, at once.

2. Only recognised food and
water supply to be allowed.

3. Cases to be removed at
earliest moment, with prompt
disinfection in situ.

4. Finger nails to be cut at
once.

5. Eating to be allowed only
after proper hand disinfection.

6. Eucalyptus oil in 10 minims
doses to be given to all twice
daily.

This latter item has certainly
prophylactic advantages, and prob-
ably outlasts the infectiveness
of carriers.

So much for the two points
which I wished to bring out. If
the incidence can be clarified out
it will give valuable information
A sudden medium rise in the
cholera rate of a tropical town will
probably point to the introduction
of a fresh infection by a ship or
otherwise. A sudden high rise
will mean the general infection of
some large food or water supply.
Of both these instances I have
good examples.

On the other hand a steady rise
and continuance and fall, which
is a very usual tropical type, will
probably indicate a person to per-
son infection on the lines I have
sketched above.

SIR R. BADEN POWELL.

Lieutenant-General Sir R.
Baden-Powell has returned to Lon-
don after his tour round the world
in support of the Boy Scout move-
ment. He travelled 53,000 miles
in eight months and saw about
25,000 boys at 70 Scout centres.
He is well satisfied with the or-
ganization and distribution of the
committees which govern the
movement.

In a statement to a representa-
tive of Renter's Agency Sir Robert
Baden-Powell said:—

"I have visited the West Indies,
Canada, the United States, Japan,
China, Australia, New Zealand,
Tasmania and finally South Africa.
The scout movement has every-
where shown great development,
but the scouts have been waiting
to see how the 'new system' for
orderly will affect the scout system,
for at first it seemed that it might
make the scout movement un-
necessary. In all countries, how-
ever, the Governments have asked
me to report and say whether the
same training for order and civi-
lized conduct could be applied to
scouts, and the Governments are
considering the idea of applying the
scout training to order."

In the Overseas Dominions the
route are all communicating with
one another to bring the Imperial
feeling to a real and tangible
stage among the boys of the rising
generation. In South Africa the
scout movement is having a mar-
ked effect in bringing Boer and
British together. See something is
developing in the Overseas
Dominions and this will prove of
great value in the future in bring-
ing the Imperial feeling to a real
and tangible stage."

COMMERCIAL.

Tambalak Rubber.

The Tambalak report shows a
profit of \$31,472 and a dividend
is to be paid of 6 per cent. The
sum of \$2,321 is carried forward.
The position to June 30th was
Rubber 338 acres, rubber and
coconuts 210, coconuts 56, ac-
res cleared 56.

Private Warehousing Company
in Project.

A circle of Japanese merchants,
including Messrs. Aioi, Tanaka,
Usui, Harada, &c., proposes to
organize a warehousing company
at Daicon on a capital of ¥300,000,
of which one-quarter is to be
called up as the first instalment.
Their idea is to build a perfectly
appointed warehouse with a floor
area of about 1,500 *tsubo* and a
storing capacity of 10,000 tons.
They hope to supplement the ex-
isting facilities for import and
export of goods, and, at the same
time, to help the development of
the trade financing of this port.

Finance of Australia.

Melbourne, September 2.—The
Customs revenue of the Common-
wealth of Australia for August
amounted to £1,360,000, an in-
crease of £36,000 as compared
with the corresponding period of
last year. When delivering his
Budget statement, Mr. Fisher (the
Prime Minister and Treasurer)
spoke of an estimated decrease
for the year of £199,000; but the
figures for July and August show
an actual increase of £212,000.

Brisbane, September 2.—Ac-
cording to the Treasury Returns,
the revenue of Queensland during
the month of August amounted to
£440,000, as compared with
£435,000 during the correspon-
ding period of last year. The
expenditure was £321,000, as
against £320,000. The excess of
revenue over expenditure during
July and August was £342,000,
as compared with £353,000.

Sydney, September 2.—The net
revenue of New South Wales for
the month of August amounted to
£1,181,000, as compared with
£1,130,000 in August, 1911. The
principal increases were: Income-
tax, £11,000; land revenue,
£8,000; railways, £11,000; tram-
ways, £20,000; metropolitan
water and sewerage rates, £10,000.
The principal decreases were stamps,
£42,000. The net revenue for
the first two months of the finan-
cial year amounted to £2,200,000,
an increase of £114,000 as com-
pared with the corresponding
months of last year.

Chinese Bean for Canton.

The Chinese Bean Curd Manu-
facturing Company of Paris has
made wonderful strides since its
establishment. It is now reported
that the Company intends to
set up a branch of its business in
the East and will open shortly at
Canton. A petition has been
presented, it is stated, to the Canton
Commissioner for Commerce and
Industry and the Commissioner
for Home Affairs requesting that
the Company may be registered
for the carrying on of its business
in the Province. It is said that
the shareholders of this company
are entirely Chinese; foreigners
being barred. A branch office
will be set up at first in Hong-
kong, and will afterwards be
transferred to Canton where the
manufacture on a large scale will
be carried on in the lands around
Whampoa.

High-priced Opium.

A well informed correspondent
says that the "Pioneer" who is
familiar with the opium trade in
China explains why the demand
for the Indian drug still con-
tinues, with resulting high prices.
The indigenous opium is of coarse
quality owing to crude methods
of manufacture and hence it does
not command a ready sale among
those who are addicted to opium-
smoking, though they will buy it
in default of something better.
By the admixture of Indian opium
with the Chinese produce a great
improvement is made in the
quality and it is then largely
bought. This is apparently what
is happening in China, as the
present time, and hence the cer-
tified opium is in demand in spite
of the obstructions of the provin-
cial authorities. As we are ex-
pecting a short time ago Chinese
opium has not yet come into the
market in large quantities, and
there is a shortage of opium in
India, all may be explained there-
fore that the demand for Indian
opium will not slacken.

COMMERCIAL

Rambutan (Limited).
An Extraordinary General Meeting of Rambutan (Limited) was held in London on the 3rd inst., Mr. Wickett presiding, when a resolution was passed that the capital of the company should be increased to £100,000 by the creation of 73,000 shares of £1 each.

The Chairman said the property had hitherto been worked as a dredging concern and had not been a success. The plant erected had not answered expectation or guarantee. Messrs. Chappell and Osborne approached the Government in the East and obtained a valuable concession of water which would enable the property to be worked on lines that had been so successful at Gopeng and Tekka. They had a wonderfully good property at Rambutan and those who stood to it would, he thought, have their money back and a very much larger sum. He saw no reason why they should not have as great a success as at Tekka. He was prepared to place a good round sum in the concern, and it was a company he could honestly recommend to his friends.

Shanghai Bulletin.
September 24, 1912.
Bar Silver 208d.
Mexican Dollars, Market Rate, Tls. 75.8
Dragon Dollar, Native Bank Rate, 74.55
Copper Cash per Tls. 1700
Shanghai Gold Bars S'hai Tls. 343
Bar Silver Tls. 111.15
Sovereigns Bank's Buying rate, Tls. 6.08

Manila Exchange.
Sept. 24, 1912.
Silver in London prompt, 20 3-18 forward 20 3-18
Bank Bill, 4 m. at 2-1-2
Telegraphic transfer, 2-3-10
Paris 254.1-2
Germany 206.1-2
Madrid 86.1-2
India 150
Hongkong 102.1-2
Singapore 118
Shanghai 70
Japan 101.1-4
New York T.T. 1-1-2 p.m.
Bank Rate, 4 p.m.
4m. Credits 2-1-16 Sept. Oct.
3m. d. Paper 2-1-18 Nov.

Penang Tin and Rice Quotations.
Sept. 21.
The following business in tin has been done to-day:—
Penang:
Penang in Exchange, 25 tons at \$112.75
Leong Fee & Co., 25 tons at 113.25
Straits Trading Co., 50 tons at 113.25
Singapore:
Straits Trading Co., 200 tons at 113.2

Total ... 300 tons.
Tin is quoted in London to-day at £220 5s. cash and £255 three months sight.
Rangoon rice is quoted here to-day at \$205 per cayan.
Manila Market Report.
September 26, 1912.
Hemp—
Good Current P28.4 firm
50 p.c. plus current 24. firm
25 p.c. plus current 21. firm
U. S. current 18. firm
U. K. 12.4 firm
Super 2nds 10.6 firm
Good 2nds 9.6 firm
Good Reds 9. firm
Magway No. 9.4 firm
Sugar—
Hilo No. 1 P6.50 dull
" " 2 5.90 dull
" " 3 5. dull
" " 4 4.40 dull
Manila " 1 6.00 dull
Hocos " 1 3. nominal
Coppa—
Sun dried P12. firm
Laguna 11.2 firm
F.M. Manila 11.5 firm
Rice—
Saigon 2s. Banco 125 lbs. P7.60
Bangkok 7.50
Pangasinan Milled P8. cavan quiet
2nd white P8.20 " quiet
Gum Almaciga—
Mixed P7.20 nom.
Coals—
Australia ex-ship per ton P11 0/11 to arrive.
Freight—
To U. S. Hemp str. from Manila to New York 70/-
Boston 75/-
From Cebu to New York 72-0
From Cebu to Boston 77-6
Sugar U. K. 37-0 per ton.

Public Companies

NOTICE.
WE have this day established ourselves as Merchants and Shipping Agents under the style or firm name of Botelbo Bros.
B. J. BOTELBO.
J. H. BOTELBO.
Alexandra Buildings
Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [700]

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
THE THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the undersigned on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd instant, at Noon. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 9th to the 23rd instant, both days inclusive.
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Agents.
Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [718]

HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
ASSOCIATION OF EXPORTERS AND DEALERS OF HONGKONG.

NOTICE. It is hereby given that a General Meeting of Dealers in and Exporters of Chinese and other Produce will be held in the old Chamber of Commerce Room, City Hall on TUESDAY, October 8th, 1912 at 4 o'clock precisely.

Business.
(1) To approve the Rules, Regulations and By-Laws of the Association as drafted by the Provisional Committee elected for that purpose at the General Meeting held on 3rd July, 1912.
(2) To elect a committee to act until the Annual Meeting of the Association.
Draft Rules and By-Laws may be had on application to the Secretary. Applications for Membership may be sent in before or after the Meeting. Forms can be obtained from the Secretary.
Chinese Dealers, Exporters and Merchants interested in the export Trade are specially invited to attend this meeting.
By Order,
E. A. M. Williams,
Secretary,
Hongkong, 16th Sept., 1912. [684]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
Chinese Imperial Government 7%
Filter Loan of 1886, E.
52nd Half Yearly Drawing.
INTEREST due and drawn bonds of this Loan will be payable at the office of the Corporation on and after 30th September, 1912. List of drawn bonds can be obtained on application to the undersigned.
For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Agents Insurance the Loan,
N. J. STARR,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 30th Sept., 1912. [705]

NOTICE.
I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that on and after the 1st October, my business as MERCHANT and COMMISSION AGENT, will be carried on under the style of H. STEPHENS and Co.
There will be no change in the management or conduct of the business of which, as hitherto, I remain SOLE PROPRIETOR.
H. STEPHENS,
19, Queen's Road Central
Hongkong, 30th Sept., 1912. [706]

THE DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
THE SIXTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Town Office 2 Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 7th October, 1912, at 12.30 P.M., for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 31st July, 1912.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 1st to 7th October, 1912, both days inclusive.
By Order,
M. MANUK,
Secretary,
Hongkong, 21st Sept., 1912. [692]

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.
NOTICE.
THE HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF the above Club will be held on SATURDAY, the 5th October, 1912, at 12.30 P.M., at the Office of the Hongkong Jockey Club, on the Ground Floor of the Hongkong Club Annex, Chester Road.
By Order,
T. J. ROUGH,
Manager,
Hongkong, 21st Sept., 1912. [698]

HONGKONG HOTEL.
BY kind permission of Captain Green the Orchestra of the Chioi Maru will play during dinner at the Hongkong Hotel on THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY.
By Order,
J. H. TAGGART,
Manager,
Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [716]

Notices

SANITARY BOARD OFFICE, HONGKONG.
OWNERS OF DOMESTIC BUILDINGS.
TAKE NOTICE that under No. 6 of the DOMESTIC CLEANLINES and VENTILATION BY-LAWS (as amended), every Domestic Building or part of such Building within the EASTERN Division of the City of Victoria, occupied by Members of more than one family, except those within the European Reservation or in Kowloon South of Austin Road or those parts of a Domestic Building used as a Shop, Office or Godown, must be CLEANSED and LIMEWASHED THROUGHOUT by the owners during the months of October and November.
N.B.—The word "throughout" used in this notice means that the houses should be limewashed in respect of all the Walls of each Room, all Cubicle Partitions, Stair Casings and Stair Linings, all Ceilings and the Underside of Roofs in Main Buildings, Offices and Servants' Quarters and inclusive of Verandahs.
The Backyard must have its Containing Walls Limewashed up to the level of the First Floor.
Carved, Painted or Polished Woodwork in good condition, however, need not be Limewashed but must be Cleaned.
The EASTERN Division of the City is bounded on the West by Gilman Street and Peel Street. Kowloon is divided into the Eastern and Western divisions by Nathan Road and straight line drawn from the North thereof through the Yaumati service reservoir to the Northern boundary of Kowloon.
N. BOWEN-ROLANDS,
Secretary.
Dated this 1st day of October, 1912.

G. R.
HONGKONG TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.
QUEEN'S COLLEGE.
EVENING CLASSES in the following Subjects will Re-open on MONDAY, October, 7th:—
ENGINEERING SECTION:—
Building Construction and Drawing.
Field Surveying.
Machine Drawing.
Steam.
Mathematics.
Applied Mechanics.
Physics.
Sanitation.
COMMERCE SECTION:—
English.
French.
German.
Chinese (Cantonese Colloquial).
Shorthand.
Book-keeping.
SCIENCE SECTION:—
Chemistry: Theoretical and Practical.
Metallurgy.
Physics.
Electricity.
TEACHERS' CLASSES:—
English and Methods of Teaching (Men).
English and Methods of Teaching (Women).
New Students should attend at the Institute to be enrolled on THURSDAY, 3rd October, between 6 and 7 P.M.
Copies of the prospectus and entry forms for intending students may be obtained on application to the Undersigned.
A. W. GRANT,
Director.
Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [711]

HONGKONG ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL LEAGUE.
NOTICE.
ENTRIES for the above League CLOSE on the 10th October, 1912. All entries must be accompanied by: Entrance fee of \$5, and a deposit of \$8 being Referee's fees. Entries of Naval team close on 15th October, 1912.
A. S. ELLIS,
Hon. Secretary & Treasurer.
Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [714]

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Club will be held in the office of Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co., on WEDNESDAY, 2nd October, at 5.30 P.M.
A. HAMILTON,
Hon. Secy.
Hongkong, 24th Sept., 1912. [694]

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Club will be held in the Pavilion of the Hongkong Cricket Club on TUESDAY, October 1st at 5.30 P.M.
By Order,
B. E. FIELDER,
Manager.
Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [695]

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Club will be held in the Pavilion of the Hongkong Cricket Club on TUESDAY, October 1st at 5.30 P.M.
By Order,
B. E. FIELDER,
Manager.
Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [695]

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Club will be held in the Pavilion of the Hongkong Cricket Club on TUESDAY, October 1st at 5.30 P.M.
By Order,
B. E. FIELDER,
Manager.
Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [695]

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Club will be held in the Pavilion of the Hongkong Cricket Club on TUESDAY, October 1st at 5.30 P.M.
By Order,
B. E. FIELDER,
Manager.
Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1912. [695]

Banks

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.
Head Office: 60, Wall Street, New York.
London Office: 25, Abchurch Lane, E.C. 4.
BRANCHES:—
Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Kobe, Manila, Peking, San Francisco, Shanghai, Yokohama.
Capital and Reserve \$100,000,000.
Assets \$1,000,000,000.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened on the usual terms.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED, fixed for one year at 4 1/2 per annum, or for shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.
BILLS NEGOTIATED AND COLLECTED.
MAIL AND TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES MADE.
LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS issued on all principal cities of the world.
THE BANK'S CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT are available on all parts of the world.
PURCHASE AND SALE OF Stocks and Shares.
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS sold and cashed.
Manager,
9, Queen's Road, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 29th July, 1912. [19]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
Established 1880.
Authorized Capital Yen 48,000,000.
Paid-up Capital " 30,000,000.
Reserve Fund " 17,000,000.
Head Office:—YOKOHAMA.
Branches:—
Antung-Hsien, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Ryojin Port (Arthur), San Francisco, Shanghai, Tientsin, Tokyo.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.
TAKKO TAKAMICHI,
Manager.
Hongkong, 1st April, 1912. [18]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1853.
HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON.
PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,200,000.
RESERVE FUND £1,800,000.
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS £1,200,000.
FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.
Wm. DICKSON,
Manager.
Hongkong, 11th April, 1912. [22]

DEUTSCH ASIATISCHER BANK.
CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....Sh. Tels 7,500,000.
HEAD OFFICE:—SHANGHAI.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—BRANES:
Berlin, Calcutta, Canton, Hamburg, Hankow, Kobe, Peking, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.
LONDON BANKERS:—Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons THE UNION OF LONDON AND STRAITS BANK, LIMITED.
DRUTSCHER BANK (BRANES), LONDON AGENT.
INTEREST allowed on Current Account DEPOSITS received on terms which may be learned on application. Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
R. TIMMERSCHMIDT,
Manager.
Hongkong, 9th Oct., 1911. [2]

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
Authorized Capital £1,500,000.
Paid-up " 1,135,000.
Reserve Fund " 563,000.
Reserve Fund " 365,000.
HEAD OFFICE:—40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C. 2.
BRANCHES:—
Bombay, Calcutta, Galle, Hongkong, Kanton, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Suez, Tientsin, Yokohama.
AGENTS IN JAPAN:—Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.
BANKERS:—Bank of England, London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

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Banks

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND £1,000,000.
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS £1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE:—HONGKONG.
BRANCHES:—
Amoy, Canton, Hankow, Hongkong, Kanton, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Suez, Tientsin, Yokohama.
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BANKERS:—Bank of England, London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Exchange

Selling.	Buying.
T/T..... 15/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
Demand..... 2/1	100/- P/P..... 2/11
30 d/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
60 d/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
1 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
3 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
6 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
12 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
18 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
24 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
30 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
36 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
42 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
48 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
54 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
60 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
66 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
72 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
78 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
84 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
90 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
96 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
102 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
108 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
114 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
120 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
126 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
132 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
138 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
144 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
150 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
156 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
162 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
168 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
174 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
180 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
186 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
192 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
198 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
204 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
210 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
216 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
222 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
228 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
234 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
240 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
246 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
252 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
258 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
264 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
270 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
276 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
282 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
288 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11
294 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- L/C..... 2/11
300 m/s..... 2/1 1/16	100/- P/P..... 2/11

Subsidiary Coins.	Opium Quotation.
Discount per \$100	Aug. 21.
Chinese ... 20 cts. pieces ... \$5 5/16	Malwa, New \$3.125 per pic.
Chinese ... 10 " " " " " " " " " "	Malwa, Old 3.400 " "
Hongkong 20 " " " " " " " " " "	Malwa, Y. Old 3.635 " "
Hongkong 10 " " " " " " " " " "	Persian, fine quality 1.450 " "
	Persian, New 4.050 per pic.
	Persian, Old 3.850 " "
	Bombay, New 4.085 " "
	Bombay, Old 4.000 " "

SHARE REPORT.

STOCKS & PAID UP VALUE.	CLOSING QUOTES.
BANKS.	
Hongkong & Shanghai \$125	\$812 1/2 s. \$83 1/2
MARINE INSURANCES.	
Canton \$50	\$250 sa. & s.
North China \$5	\$140 b.
Union \$100	\$810 b.
Yangtze \$50	\$185 b.
FIRE INSURANCES.	
Union \$50	\$135

